

The Chelsea Standard.

VOLUME XVII. NO. 14.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1905.

WHOLE NUMBER 846.

CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Oldest and Strongest Bank in Western Washenaw County.

Capital and Surplus, - \$100,000.00

Guarantee Fund, - - - \$160,000.00

Total Resources, - \$700,000.00

Money to Loan on Good Approved Security.

This Bank is under State Control; has abundant capital and a large Surplus Fund, and does a General Banking Business.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

We Draw Drafts Payable in Gold in Any City in the World.

Make collections at reasonable rates in any banking town in the country.

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL BUSINESS ENTRUSTED TO US.

Deposits in the Savings Department draw three per cent. interest which is paid or credited to account on January 1st or July 1st.

Safety Deposit Vaults of the best modern construction. Absolutely Fire and Burglar Proof.

Boxes to rent from \$1.00 to \$5.00 per year.

Your Business Solicited.

DIRECTORS.

W. J. KNAPP, F. P. GLAZIER, JOHN W. SCHENK,
G. W. PALMER, WM. P. SCHENK, ADAM EPLER,
V. D. HINDELANG, HENRY I. STIMSON, FRED WEDEMEYER.

OFFICERS.

FRANK P. GLAZIER, President. W. J. KNAPP, Vice President.
THEO. E. WOOD, Cashier. P. G. SCHAIBLE, Assistant Cashier.
A. K. STIMSON, Auditor. GEORGE A. LEHMAN, Accountant.

AUTO PASSENGER LINE.

CAR MAKES A GOOD RUN.

Freeman Monroe Takes a Number From Chelsea to Tecumseh Friday Afternoon—Roads in Bad Condition.

Last Friday afternoon a representative of The Standard was invited by L. L. Gorton of Waterloo to take a trip across the country in the Oldsmobile passenger car which has been on exhibition here for a few days. A party of five left here at 2 o'clock with F. Monroe of Detroit, who represents the company, in charge of the auto. The trip from Chelsea to Manchester, including five stops for frightened horses, was made in one hour.

At Manchester the editor of the Enterprise, Matt D. Blosser and Raynor Heussler joined the party, and a quick run was made to Clinton, going through Bridgewater on the road that runs in front of the town hall. When the car arrived at Clinton, Mr. Blanchard, editor of the Local, and C. J. Robinson, a leading business man of that village, joined the party and in twenty minutes from the time the car left Clinton they were at the hotel in Tecumseh.

About one hour was spent at this place and at 4:55 the auto with its load started on its homeward journey. Eighteen minutes was the time for the run from Tecumseh to Clinton; from Clinton to Manchester, via what is known as the middle road, consumed thirty-seven and one-half minutes, and from Manchester to Chelsea fifty-four minutes was the running time, the distance covered being nearly twenty-five miles and the running time from Tecumseh to Chelsea one hour and forty-nine and one-half minutes, which included five stops.

The auto weighs 2,500 pounds and is driven by a sixteen-horse-power gasoline engine and will carry with comfort twelve people. The roads were in very bad condition and the driver of the machine was not able to bring out all of the speed that the car is capable of making. The manufacturers are the Oldsmobile company of Detroit, and the workings of the car on exhibition here, in its trip, certainly did far better work than they claimed for their auto car.

CASE DISCONTINUED.

The Suit of the Heirs of the Estate of John Stapish vs. Mrs. Clara Stapish has been Settled.

The case of James Taylor, administrator, etc., vs. Clara Stapish has been discontinued without costs to either party. This is a case that has been pending a long time.

The suit was commenced to recover over \$20,000 on notes, etc., which the heirs of John Stapish claimed had been fraudulently transferred by Stapish during his life time to Clara Stapish, his sister-in-law. Mr. Stapish for the last years of his life was in very poor health and in a condition which made his care very onerous, which Mrs. Stapish did very faithfully.

Mrs. Stapish did not deny that she received the money, but claimed that she not only earned it by the care she took of the deceased, but that the deceased had given the same to her out of gratitude. A number of the heirs felt that Mrs. Stapish was fully entitled to the money, and they refused to put up any money for the litigation and would also have probably testified in her favor.

MAKING GOOD ROADS.

The time of year has arrived when the roads receive some attention, of the same character as they have received since this region was first settled nearly three-quarters of a century ago. That the roads have been growing no better for many years those who drive into the country have disagreeable knowledge. During dry weather any sort of road can be worried over by team and wagon, even if in spots the sand is deep, but in the alternate freezing and thawing during the fall, winter and spring months the dirt road becomes cut into holes and ruts which make traveling them provocative of profanity. Where the trouble is either sand or mud, in order to get along the sides of the road are driven on and the highway presents an unsightly appearance. Land will not sell for as much where such conditions exist.

No matter how bad a road is it is possible to make a good road of it, if only the time and attention are given. The first thing is good drainage, which can be done by proper grading. Then careful watching to repair as soon as needed will keep a good, solid roadbed. Of course where it is possible to get gravel a gravel road is by far the better. The force required to draw a load of 2,240 pounds over a good dirt road is 200 pounds, while that over a gravel road is only 143 pounds; but in building the gravel road there is a greater expense.

If the sides of the road are sown with mixed grasses and then kept mowed they will present a far more pleasing appearance than that usually seen. In many cases it will be found practicable and profitable to plant certain kinds of deciduous trees along the roadside.

The reasons given for the little pro-

gress made in road building in the country are the development of railway systems, the long familiarity with bad roads and the indifference of those in charge of highway affairs, the fear of increased taxation and the wasteful and ineffective system of requiring personal service on the highways. However true these may be, every farmer should feel a personal interest in the roads that he has to travel over every day. If every man would see to it that a certain piece of road gets attention it would not be a great while until bad roads would be a thing of the past.—Patroit.

WONDERFUL DEVICE.

Allison Knee of This City Has Patented Signal Block System For Use On Railroads.

Allison Knee, formerly of Syracuse, N. Y., but who has been living in Lansing for the past year, has perfected and patented a block signal system for use on railroads that should be of great service. By his system an operator in the depot, by a set of signals on the engine, can throw orders to the engineer in the cab while the train is in motion. He has also connected with the same signal a set of wires which will throw the danger signal to the engineer if there is an open switch, a washout or a burning bridge, any of which would wreck a train.

By his patent a signal is shown on the signal box set in front of the engineer, and a bell in the cab is rung when the signal is shown, calling his attention to it. Besides warning the engineer of an open switch, etc., the signal is not only shown but the air is applied to the brakes at the same time.

A stock company has been formed in Syracuse, N. Y., to promote the patent, and Mr. Knee expects to appear, if possible, before the council of railroads in Washington, D. C., in May to urge the adoption of the patent by the various railroad of the country.—Lansing Republican.

Mr. Knee is a former well known resident of this place and he informs The Standard that the coming fall the device will be completed and every part in working order.

HENRIETTA CROSSMAN.

Patrons of the Detroit Opera House have a rare treat in store for the week of May 15, when the attraction will be Miss Henrietta Crossman in her most successful plays. Miss Crossman is new to Detroit save for fame, as she has been so busy making big hits in New York that she has been on the road very little for the last five years, and in fact, has never been in Detroit since she achieved eminence as a star. However, everybody knows of her genius and her artistic attainments. She is foremost among the younger generation of American stars and her popularity has been earned by a series of distinct triumphs. In fact, probably no other woman on the American stage has made such a conspicuous success of brilliant successes. Critics have declared no other comedienne on the English speaking stage is so fascinating and finished. She is remarkably versatile, too, for she has power as well in the portrayal of the more serious emotions as in comedy. In short, she probably has the widest range in dramatic art of any woman now before the public.

Her New York successes stand as conspicuous achievements on the American stage. In "Mistress Nell" she made a remarkable record of a two-seasons' run on Broadway. In "As You Like It" she had a run of two nights, the longest on record for a woman in Shakespeare. In "Nance Oldfield" and "Madeline" she has been equally effective. For her week in Detroit Miss Crossman has arranged to appear in repertoire. This was planned because for her first visit a general desire was expressed to see her in more than one of her famous characters. Therefore she will appear in "Mistress Nell" and "Nance Oldfield" and "Madeline." "Mistress Nell" is a sparkling comedy which has never been seen in Detroit. "Nance Oldfield" and "Madeline" are presented as a double bill. "Madeline" is likewise new to Detroit. It was written by Mrs. W. K. Clifford of London and Miss Crossman has the exclusive American rights. "Mistress Nell" will be the bill for Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday nights and Saturday matinee. "Nance Oldfield" and "Madeline" will be given Tuesday and Friday nights. There will be no Wednesday matinee.

Terrific Race With Death.

"Death was fast approaching," wrote Ralph E. Fernandez of Tampa, Fla., describing his fearful race with death, "as a result of liver trouble and heart disease, which had robbed me of sleep and of all interest in life. I had tried many different doctors and several medicines, but got no benefit, until I began to use Electric Bitters. So wonderful was their effect, that in three days I felt like a new man, and today I am cured of all my troubles." Guaranteed at the Bank Drug Store; price 50c.

Scratch, scratch, scratch; unable to attend to business during the day or sleep during the night. Itching piles, horrible plague. Doan's Ointment cures. Never fails. At any drug store, 50 cents.

NOT RULE IN MICHIGAN.

SAYS AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

Interesting Bulletin on the Sugar Beet Industry in This State—To Have Another Sugar Refinery.

The department of agriculture at Washington, D. C., on Saturday issued an interesting bulletin on the sugar beet industry in Michigan. Generally speaking, it says that the trouble with the industry there is that too many factories were erected before the industry had time to develop, or the farmers had time to be educated to the best methods of beet culture. The department says: "You cannot make a first class farmer out of a poor one, unless he is young, or new in the business. As a class, good farmers in Michigan are not the rule. You cannot project the best agricultural sentiment, or practice in a moment."

While the industry is stagnated because of this precipitate haste, the department says that Michigan's advantages for beet sugar production are the best, and that the energies of the state should be devoted to the completion and operation of these factories already installed. Michigan, the department announces, is to have another factory of 600 tons daily capacity at Blissfield.

NEW BANKING LAW.

The administration's private banking bill, which has been in the course of preparation for some time, was finally completed and introduced by Representative McKay a few days ago. The measure places these private institutions under the control of the banking department of the state, requiring them to make annual statements to the commissioner and giving that official authority which refuses to make the required report to call on all such banks for reports showing their condition at the close of business on any day designated by him.

All private banks must comply with the new order of things on or before October 1 next. At least one of the members of each firm doing a private banking business must be a resident of this state, and each such bank is to be examined by the state banking commissioner at least twice a year. The commissioner is given power to apply through the attorney general for the appointment of a receiver for any bank port or which, upon examination, is found to be in an insolvent condition. The bill provides for minimum capital of \$10,000, except in villages whose population is less than 500, where the minimum may be \$5,000. No bank is to loan any person connected with it more than fifty per cent. of its capital, and depositors are given a first lien on all assets.

STRAY THOUGHTS.

When a young man, I attended the funeral services of an old neighbor, and being of a speculative turn of mind, I cast an eye about the well filled church and wondered who would be the next one to answer the final summons. Among the audience in the church was a woman who wept incessantly, and over in the amen corner a middle-aged man, all stooped over and at prayer, gave an audible groan, which caused me to put one or the other down on the table of memory as being the most likely to go the way of all living.

How different the results. Both lived to a ripe old age, outliving many at that time made up the audience who appeared to be healthy, young and robust. It taught me to believe more firmly that the Son of Man comes in an hour we think not of; also of another fact—that it is better to be ready and not to, than to go and not to be ready. These words often come to me. "Now be ye also ready," meaning me and you, too, my old and young friends.

W. H. G.

A NEW TRAIN.

The Michigan Central is about to install a new train service which will be of very great importance to the traveling public, who in these days of quick development are seeking the utmost comfort combined with the quickest possible service. Sunday, May 14, a new fast train to be designated "The Wolverine" will be added with a special view to elegance and speed. The train which will be made up of the latest design of Pullman cars, including observation, buffet, library and sleeping cars, will leave Chicago at 8:45 a. m., reach this city at 2:43 p. m., Detroit at 3:30 and New York at 8 a. m. On the late named there will be other changes in the running schedule of trains on the road, of which due notice will be given.

Cleanse your system of all impurities this month. Now is the time to take Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It will keep you well all summer. 35 cents tea or tablets. At the Bank Drug Store.

The Timid Czar.

London Vanity Fair refers to the czar as "the man who is afraid to face the moujik."

Coughs and colds, down to the very border-land of consumption, yield to the soothing, healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

Subscribe for the Standard.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

We are making an extensive showing of NEW SPRING DRESS GOODS consisting of Fancy Suitings, Mohairs in all shades, and the Newest Novelties in Street and House Fabrics at money saving prices.

SHIRT WAIST PATTERNS.

We have in stock a very fine line of Fancy White Goods for Waists in all of the new weaves.

NEW DRESS NOVELTIES.

We are showing a magnificent line of Grecian Voiles and Jacquard Voiles in all of the fashionable colors introduced for this season.

NEW GINGHAMS.

We are offering for the spring trade the finest line of Gingham ever shown in Chelsea.

NEW TABLE LINENS.

Our spring offerings of Table Linens in bleached, half bleached and unbleached goods, with napkins to match, are the best ever purchased for the Chelsea trade and the prices are within the reach of all who contemplate buying new table linen.

NEW LACE CURTAINS.

Our spring showing of Lace Curtains contains all of the newest designs out and the prices range from \$1.00 to \$7.50 per pair.

CALL AND SEE THE NEW GOODS.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

OUR WAY

A place where good groceries are sold is a good place to buy groceries.

That seems reasonable and easy to believe, doesn't it? We offer you your choice of our pick of the finest goods produced.

All the time

Nothing less

Nothing else.

And the best of it is you are not asked to pay more than you are used to paying and that's the argument that makes tryers steady buyers. Be a buyer.

Try These

Fancy Florida pineapples, each	-	121-2c
Jackson Gem flour, sack	-	70c
Roller King flour, sack	-	80c
Success flour, sack	-	70c
Best rolled oats, 8 pounds	-	25c
Fancy Japan rice, 8 pounds	-	25c
Best tea dust, pound	-	10c
Best Vail-Crane crackers, 3 1-2 pounds	-	25c
Good laundry soap, 14 bars	-	25c
Best California prunes, 3 1-2 pounds	-	25c
Standard Mocha and Java coffee, pound	-	25c
Large fat mackerel, pound	-	15c
Fancy chocolate creams, pound	-	15c
Brazil nuts, new crop, pound	-	10c

AT THE

BUSY STORE, FREEMAN BROS.

New Goods in All Lines

AT THE

Bank Drug Store.

Wall Paper.

You can not buy old stock here. We have burned it up. We offer only bright, new goods; our stock is complete; our prices are the lowest. Ask to see our new two-toned papers for parlor use, crown hangings for bedrooms, also two-third and panel work for dining rooms. We sell paper from 5c per double roll up.

Paints and Oils

At very low prices, quality guaranteed, the best for the money. We sell pure Ekestein White Lead, Baked and Raw Linseed Oil, Wood Stains and Varnish, Stain, and Mixed Paints for inside and outside use.

Alabastine

In all colors. Ask for samples of colors and prices.

Brushes.

We have them for just about every use (NEW ONES) but let us talk this time about those for the teeth.

To begin with we've left out of stock those fall-to-pieces kinds, that cost too little to be cheap. We've chosen sorts that will please customers—that will keep them pleased—and that will be asked for again—because they were used once. Ask for Freeman's Warranted Tooth Brushes at 20c and 25c each. Other grades at 5c, 10c and 15c each. New Hair Brushes and Combs, very fine, at reasonable prices.

Silverware.

New Sterling Silver goods are here at the right price, and also Rogers 1847 and Aurora Plated all warranted to give satisfaction or money refunded.

We should like to talk with you if you are interested in silverware.

Watches.

We will sell you a good watch at the right price, and inasmuch as a watch ought to still be a time-teller in twenty years, if it was worth while to start with it seems right to buy a good one to start with.

We are ready to talk watch with you right today.

Jewelry.

No need to send away for any Jewelry goods. You can buy better goods for less money here. See our new goods in this line.

We Are Selling:

One lot 25c Shears at 17c.
One lot 50c shears at 38c.
One lot Pocket Knives 25c values, at 19c.
One lot Hair Brushes, 25c values, at 17c.
One lot Tooth Brushes, 25c values, at 13c.

BANK DRUG STORE.

L. T. FREEMAN

"IT SAVED MY LIFE"

PRaise FOR A FAMOUS MEDICINE
 Mrs. Willadsen Tells How She Tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Just in Time.
 Mrs. T. C. Willadsen, of Manning, Iowa, writes to Mrs. Pinkham:—
 "I can truly say that you have saved my life, and I cannot express my gratitude to you in words."



"Before I wrote to you, telling you how I felt, I had doctored for over two years and spent lots of money on medicines besides, but it all failed to help me. My monthly periods had ceased and I suffered much pain, with fainting spells, headache, backache and bearing-down pains, and I was so weak I could hardly keep around. As a last resort I decided to write you and try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I am so thankful that I did, for after following your instructions, which you sent me free of all charge, my monthly periods started; I am regular and in perfect health. Had it not been for you I would be in my grave to-day."
 "I sincerely trust that this letter may lead every suffering woman in the country to write you for help as I did."

When women are troubled with irregular or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhoea, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, flatulence, general debility, indigestion and nervous prostration, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. Refuse all substitutes.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Escapes Milk Inspector.
 "He is one of the most artful men we have to deal with," said a sanitary inspector in a London police court of a milkman, who was fined. "I remember on one occasion I met his sister carrying some milk, and as soon as she saw me she fell on her back and upset the whole of the milk in the street."

Sexes in Mutual Distrust.
 The sexes just now take up towards each other an attitude of mutual distrust; we women don't trust men further than we can see them, nor they us. It is all very bad and very sad, and no one knows who is to blame—Exchange.

Profit in Ostrich Farming.
 Ostrich farming in South Africa continues a most profitable business.

MOST PROFITABLE FARM INVESTMENT.

This is what the Cream Separator has proved to be. Twenty years of experience upon the part of hundreds of thousands of users in every country of the world bear witness to the fact. No one disputes it. There never was a better time to make this important farm investment than the present. Butter is unprecedently high in price. It is most desirable that none be left to waste, and that the quality be such as to command top prices.

If you have cream to separate you cannot afford to delay this investment a single day. If you haven't the ready cash the machine will earn its cost while you are paying for it.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.
 Randolph & Canal Sts. 74 Cortlandt Street
 CHICAGO NEW YORK



CELERY KING
 No, No, No Rum
 There is no alcohol in Celery King, the great tonic-laxative. It is, therefore, the safe medicine for the family. It cures stomach troubles, nervous diseases, blood diseases, headache. It is the most satisfactory laxative.



WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING
 RECEIVED THE HIGHEST POSSIBLE AWARD AT THE ST. LOUIS WORLD'S FAIR.
 Send us the names of dealers in your town who do not sell our goods, and we will send you a collection of pictures, in colors, of famous towers of the world. M. A. J. TOWER CO., ESTABLISHED 1836. BOSTON, NEW YORK, CHICAGO. TOWER CANADIAN CO., LIMITED, TORONTO, CAN.

PISONS CURE FOR
 SICKLE, ALL ILLS, FALLS, Best Cough Syrup, Cures Croup, Use in time. Sold by druggists.
 CONSUMPTION

JOAN OF THE SWORD HAND

By S. R. CROCKETT, Author of "The Raiders," etc.
 (Copyright, 1898, 1900, by S. R. Crockett.)

CHAPTER V.—Continued.
 "Which Prince?" said the officer curtly.

"Why," answered the secretary, with a glad heart, "there is but one—he who won the prize yesterday at the tilting!"

"God's truth!—and you say true," ejaculated the guardsman, starting; "but who are you who dare blurt out on the steps of the palace of Courtland that which ordinary men—aye, even good soldiers—durst scarcely think in their own hearts?"

"I am secretary of the noble Ambassador of Plassenburg, and I come to see the Prince!"

And just then there came a clatter of horses' hoofs across the wide spaces of the palace front, into which the bright forenoon sun was now beating, and a lady of tall figure and a head all a-ripple with sunny golden curls dashed up at a canter, the stones spraying forward and outward as she reined her horse sharply with her hands low.

"The Princess Margaret!" said the first officer. "Stand to it, Paul!"

The two officers saluted stiffly, and the lady looked about for someone to help her to descend. She observed Johann standing by the gate.

"Come hither!" she said, beckoning with her finger.

"Give me your hand!" she commanded.

The secretary gave it awkwardly, and the Princess plumped rather sharply to the ground.

"What! Do they not teach you how to help ladies to alight in Plassenburg?" queried the Princess. "You accompany the new ambassador, do you not?"

"You are the first I ever helped in my life," said Johann, simply. "Mostly—"

"What! I am the first? You jest. It is not possible. There are many ladies in Plassenburg, and I doubt not they have noted and distinguished a youth like you."

The secretary shook his head.

"Not so," he said, smiling; "I have never been remarked by any lady in Plassenburg in my life."

"Well, at any rate," said the Princess, never taking her eyes off the young man's face, "you will be good enough to escort me to the Prince's room."

As she took the young man's arm, a cavalier suddenly dashed up on a smoking horse, which had evidently been ridden to his limit. He was of middle size, of a figure exceedingly elegant, and dressed in the highest fashion. His eye glittered like that of a snake, with a steady, chill sheen, unpleasant to linger upon. He swung from his horse, casting the reins to the nearest scullion, and sprang up the steps after the Princess and her young escort.

"Princess," he said, hastily, "Princess Margaret, I beg your pardon most humbly that I have been so unfortunate as to be late in my attendance upon you. The Prince sent for me at the critical moment, and I was bound to obey. May I now have the honor of conducting you to the summer parlor?"

The Princess turned carelessly, or rather, to tell it exactly, she turned her head a little back over her shoulder with a beautiful gesture peculiar to herself.

"I thank you," she said coldly. "I have already requested this gentleman to escort me. I shall not need you, Prince Ivan!"

And she went in, bending graciously and even confidentially toward the



Gazed after the pair till they disappeared.

secretary, on whose arm her hand reposed.

The cavalier in banded yellow stood a moment with an expression on his face at once humorous and malevolent. He gazed after the pair till the door swung to and they disappeared. Then he turned bitterly toward the nearest officer.

"Tell me," he said, "who is that lout in black, who looks like a priest-cub out for a holiday?"

"He is the secretary of the embassy of Plassenburg," said Otto, the guardsman, restraining a desire to put his information in another form.

"Ha," said the young man. "I think I shall go into the rose garden; I may have something further to say to the most honorable secretary of the em-

bassy of Plassenburg!" And summoning the officer with a curt monosyllable to bring his horse, he mounted and rode off.

CHAPTER VI.

H. R. H. the Princess Impetuosity.
 The Princess Margaret spoke low and confidentially to the secretary of embassy as they paced along. Johann Pyrmont felt exceedingly awkward. For one thing, the pressure of the Princess' hand upon his arm distracted him. He longed to have her on the other side.

"You are noble?" she queried, with a look down at him.

"Of course!" said the secretary quickly.

The Princess thought that it was not at all of course, but continued.

"I understand—you would learn diplomacy under a man so wise as the High Councillor von Dessauer. I have heard of such sacrifices."

"An agreeable princess—I shall get on well with her!" thought Johann Pyrmont. Then the attention of his companion flagged and she was silent; and distract for a little, as they paced through courts and colonnades which to the secretary seemed interminable. At intervals the Princess silently indicated the way by a pressure upon his arm which was almost more than friendly.

"We walk well together," she said presently, rousing herself from her reverie.

"Yes," answered the secretary, who was thinking that it was a long way to the summer parlor, where he was to meet the Prince.

"I fear," said the Princess Margaret quaintly, "that you are often in the habit of walking with ladies. Your step agrees so well with mine!"

"I never walk with any others!" the secretary answered without thought.

"What?" cried the Princess, quickly taking her hand, "and you swore to me even now that you never helped a lady from her horse in your life?"

It was an impasse, and the secretary, recalled to himself, blushed deeply.

"I see so few ladies," he stammered in a tremor lest he should have betrayed himself. "I live in the country—only my maid—"

"Heaven's own sunshine!" cried the Princess with a little scream of laughter. "Have the pretty young men of Plassenburg maids and tirewomen? Small wonder that so few of them ever visit us! No wonder you live on in that happy country!"

The secretary recovered his presence of mind rapidly.

"I mean," he explained, "the old woman Betté, my nurse, who still, though now I am grown up, comes every night to see that I have all I want and to fold my clothes. I have no other women about me."

"You are sure that Betté, who comes for your clothes and to see that you have all you want, is old?" persisted the Princess, keeping her eyes sharply upon her companion.

"She is so old that I never remember her to have been any younger," replied the secretary, with an air of engaging candor.

"I believe you," cried the outspoken Princess; "no one can lie with such eyes. Strange that I should have liked you from the first. Stranger still that in an hour I should tell you so. Your arm!"

The secretary immediately put his hand within the arm of the Princess Margaret, who turned upon him instantly in profound astonishment.

"Is this also a Plassenburg custom?" she said sharply. "Was it old Betté who taught you thus to take a lady's arm? It is otherwise thought of in ignorant Courtland!"

The young man blushed and looked down.

"I am sorry," he said; "it is a common fashion with us. I crave your pardon if in aught I have offended."

The Princess Margaret looked quizzically at her companion.

"I faith," she said, "I have ever had a curiosity about foreign customs. This one I find not amiss. Do it again!"

The Courtlander Otto, who had been on guard at the gate, had meantime been relieved, and now followed the pair through the corridors to the summer palace upon an errand which he had invented.

"At this point he stood astonished.

"I would that Prince Wasp was here. We should see his sting. He is indeed a marvel, this fellow from Plassenburg. Glad am I that he does not know little Lenchen up in the Kaiser Platz. No one of us would have a maid to his name if this gamester abode in Courtland and made the running in this style!"

The Princess and her squire now went out into the open air. For she had led him by devious ways almost round the entire square of the palace buildings. They passed into a thick avenue of acacias and yews, through the arcades of which they walked silently.

have matters of importance to speak of. I will rest me here in an arbor and come in later. Then, if you are good, you shall perhaps be permitted to reconduct me to the palace, and as we go, you can teach me any other pleasant foreign customs!"

The secretary bowed low, but kept his eyes on the ground.

"You do not say that you are glad," cried the Princess, coming impulsively a step nearer. "I tell you there is not one youth—but no matter. I see that it springs from your innocence, and I am not sure that I do not like you the better for it."

Behind an evergreen, Otto the Courtlander nearly discovered himself at this declaration.

"His innocence—magnificent Karl the Great. This Plassenburger's innocence—God wot! He will not die of it, but he may be the death of me. Oh, for the opinion of Prince Wasp of Muscovy upon such innocence!"

"Come," said the Princess, holding out her hands, "bid me good-bye as you do in your country. There is the prince, my brother's horse, at the door. You must hasten, or he will be gone ere you do your message!"

At this the heart of the youth gave a great leap.

"The Prince!" he cried; "he will be gone!"

"Never mind the Prince—think of me," commanded the Princess, stamping her foot. "Give me your hand. I am not accustomed to ask twice. Now bid me good-bye."

With his eyes on the white charger by the door the secretary hastily took the Princess by both hands. Then,



Kissed her swiftly upon both cheeks, with his mind still upon the departing Prince, he drew her impulsively toward him, kissed her swiftly upon both cheeks, and finished by imprinting his lips heartily upon her mouth!

The Princess Margaret stood rooted to the ground. A flush of shame, anger, or some other violent emotion, rose to her brow and stayed there.

She called to mind the straight-forward, unclouded eyes, the clear innocence of the youth's brow, and the smile came slowly back to her lips.

"After all, it is doubtless only his foreign custom," she mused. Then, after a pause, "I like foreign customs," she added, "they are interesting to learn!"

Behind his tree the Courtlander stood gasping with astonishment.

"God never made such a fellow," he said to himself. "Well might he say he never kissed any but ladies. Such abilities were lost upon the cheeks of mere men. An hour's acquaintance—nay, less—and he hath kissed the Princess Margaret upon the mouth. And she, instead of shrieking and calling the guard to have the insulter thrust into the darkest dungeon in Courtland, falls to musing and smiling. A devil of a secretary this! Of a certainty I must have little Lenchen out of town this very night."

(To be continued.)

American Hunting the Best.

Lord Headley of Aghaboe castle, Killarney, Ireland, a noted hunter in many jungles, who recently arrived in New York, declares he prefers hunting in America to any other land.

"Some of the best hunting in the world is in this country," said Lord Headley, according to a New York special to the Kansas City Star. "I don't think much of the sportsman who goes hunting in Africa. Out there you can almost knock game over with a club. I have knocked about a bit and the best hunting I have had was in the Rocky mountains. The mountain goat is hard to get at and more difficult to hunt than larger game. There is plenty of work and interest in stalking the goat, and the huntsman must have nerve and staying powers. The puma is more dangerous to hunt than the African lion. He has less to feed upon than the lion and will turn on the slightest provocation."

Love and Rattlesnakes.
 Chona had smiled! A real smile, of white teeth and personal eyes, and not the mere facial efflorescence with which one may flavor the purchaser of one's wares. And there's such a difference! One often jumps at the rasp of a barn locust or the scurry of a lizard among dry leaves, and wonders if—if it was?—But when Old-Man-With-a-Rattle moveth aright that bony miracle of his tail, and the dry skirr goes forth that is as magical in its effect on every living creature as in the mechanics of its utterance—why, then no one ever wonders. You know it means you. And if the more dangerous serpent that doth bite us all has as many false alarms, he is as unmistakable when we come full upon him.—Charles F. Lummis in the Atlantic.

OUT OF THE ORDINARY

Twin Bore.
 The woman who plumes and purrs For hours without any end Of her baby, herself and the things that are here, Is a horrible bore to her friend.

The man who chatters to me Of his interests o'er and o'er, When I am as busy as I can be— I wish he were drowned in a bottomless sea. A thousand miles from shore.

Some Whistling Wonders.
 Men from time immemorial have been whistlers; and so expert in the science are the Canary Islanders that they hold whistling conversations with each other. Travelers who have remained with them for some time have learned their whistling language; and one Lieut. Quadenfeldt, who resided there for some years, stated that the natives could, by their whistling, hold a long and complicated conversation with a neighbor a mile off.

Australia can boast of whistling spiders, whistling moths and whistling snakes. The New Guinea whistling snake is a very fierce and dangerous customer to tackle, and many deaths were recently reported from its attacks. It rushes at an intruder with a whistling sound, and its bite causes an agonizing death within a very short period.

Plants, caves and wells have been recorded amongst the whistlers of the earth. A species of acacia, which grows in Nubia and the Sudan, is called by the natives the "whistling tree." Its whistling arises from the wind playing upon a hole in a bladder-like formation, the work of some insects.

The United States has both whistling caves and wells; and from one of the latter—in Logan county, Kansas—the rushing wind has been utilized to give a louder note, as a warning of an approaching storm, through a brass whistle placed over it for the purpose; and the longer it blows the more intense will be the coming storm.—Montreal Herald.

An Ancient Burial Urn.

An urn has lately been found at the farm of Burnside of Whitefield, Forglan, Banffshire, Scotland. One day, while plowing, a farm servant discovered a fine specimen of an urn. His plow came in contact with a slab, almost circular, and measuring in circumference about seven feet. On lifting this he found an oblong cavity, lined with four slabs, measuring in depth two feet, length two feet, and width about fifteen inches, and containing a small urn, slightly ornamented. In the urn, which was about six inches in height, were found bones, part of a skull being quite discernible, along with a piece of long hair in excellent preservation. Among the shingle where the urn lay were several pieces of what was apparently charred wood.

How Carpenter Drives Nail.

How many hammer strokes does a carpenter use in driving a nail? Perhaps not one carpenter in a thousand or one layman in ten times that number can tell, or ever thinks of it. The truth of the matter is this: The carpenter takes seven strokes in driving a nail into ordinary wood and twelve regular strokes and two finishing taps in driving nails in o hardwood.

What Actuates a Woman.

Tell the average woman that a maximum of mutton means a minimum of morals, and she will probably laugh at you and go on eating mutton (if she likes it). But assure her that a charming complexion will result from vegetarianism and the butcher may justifiably feel forebodings of coming disaster.—Exchange.

Pythons 27 Feet Long.

Leo V. Feaster, a wheelwright at Camp Stotsenberg, accompanied by two natives, while out hunting between the post and Bambang river, approached with ten yards of a monster python twenty-seven feet long.

Feaster emptied the contents of his carbine into it and killed it. After cutting it open there was found inside a deer about two years old with horns about four inches long, and only dead a few hours. The natives later carried the deer home for food.

Feaster skinned the snake, and with the assistance of the natives brought the skin into the post. It is now in the hands of B troop's farrier, who is tanning it.—Manila American.

Beautiful Transvaal Rainbow.

A correspondent in the Transvaal describes a lunar rainbow which he observed one night recently after ten o'clock. The conditions were these: After a heavy thunderstorm, traveling from west to east, a bright quarter moon shone brilliantly almost overhead. To the east the clouds were still heavy and dark, and in that direction there appeared a perfect rainbow. The arc of the bow was low. It appeared as a gray band, with a certain suggestion of color, against the dark leaden sky.

Two Monster Rattles.

As a trophy of their prowess, Messrs. Wilford and Harry Masters brought home from a hunting trip Wednesday two monster rattlesnakes, one measuring 6 feet 6 inches, and the other 6 feet 4 inches.

The larger snake had twelve rattles and a button, and the other ten rattles and a button. The reptiles were killed near Hullett swamp.—St. Augustine Record.

Biblical Vital Statistics.

Rev. Louis Schmidt, an evangelist conducting meetings at Utica, N. Y., declared in a sermon that Adam was 14 feet tall and weighed 1,400 pounds, while Eve was 12 feet tall and weighed 1,200 pounds. He also declared that every man and woman will be of similar size and height in the earth made new after the resurrection. Schmidt says he finds ground for his assertion in the Bible.

Getting Cocoanuts to Market.

Cocoanuts, being lighter than water, are transported along waterways in the same manner that timber is floated. Thousands of them are thrown together and the whole mass surrounded by long strands of bark fiber. One native can tow a number of such rafts and the fiber is tough enough to stand considerable rough treatment.

WHO RANG THE BELL?

Incident For the Society of Psychological Research.
 For thirty-one years Harrison Elmer had rung, precisely at 12 o'clock noon and 9 o'clock p. m., the town bell, which hung in the belfry of the old Congregational church, in the town of Ashfield, Mass. A most peculiar man, having very little to say unless one solicited speech of him, he made few friends and no enemies.

On the evening of Jan. 13, 1890, the old bell did not ring at 9 o'clock as usual. The people waited and wondered. Harrison had been always punctual at his post. That night, just as the clocks in the village struck 12, one long, wierd stroke of the old bell rang out, awakening the sleepers of the "Plain." Harrison had that night passed away. Who or what rang the bell?

A Post-Mortem Bleeding.

You can no more breed a polo pony than you can breed a business man, says a writer in Country Life in America. You find them high, and you find them low. It's a matter of chance. And polo players have theories about it because they're players, not horsemen. I have seen a bunch of them speculating as to what was ailing a pony when the horse had been dead for full five minutes. Then they started in to give it a post-mortem bleeding. They were polo players. Those are the men that think they can breed the ponies.

Women of the Kaffirs.

The Kaffirs believe that a woman is a necessary appendage to a household; the women care for their huts and do all the housework, while the men watch the cattle. They do not always marry as young as they like, and yet the youngest and most attractive girls often go to the ugly old men with plenty of money. A man is not worried because he can not win the favor of the girl he wants. Her likes and dislikes count for little.

Bring Messages from Dead.

There is a curious burial custom among the Mordovinians, who inhabit the middle Volga provinces of Russia and are professing Christians. They believe that a deceased relative forty days after interment returns to his old home. Failing his visible return the next of kin personates him, dressed in his clothes, and professes to deliver solemn messages from the other side of the grave.

Investigation of the Packers.

Very general interest has been manifested in the government investigation now in progress into the mode of conducting business by the large packers located in Chicago and elsewhere. Much has been written upon the alleged illegal and improper modes of business procedure connected with the packing industry; but it seems that so far no definite charge of any kind has been sustained and no proof of illegal methods has been disclosed to the public. While a wave of severe criticism of this great industrial interest is now passing over the country it might be well to remember that the packers have had as yet no opportunity to make specific denial, the many indefinite charges of wrongdoing having never been formulated so that a categorical answer could be made.

Brain Works.

It is recognized that the brain works at night work the tonic 6:30 o'clock begins to get into \$30 o'clock, and may be wider awake in his mentality period in the two if he be normal, that in going to bed, sleep will soundly. It is the sequence of should call a halt.

Alabaster Your Walls.

Typoid Fever Small Pox—these deadly—ply in the decaying parts in all kinds of paper.

ALABASTER is a destroys disease is manufactured, safe, hardens on enduring as the any one can apply.

Ask for a beautiful tint—tion about de—no cheap substitu—Buy only in—proper—ALABASTER—Grant Ave., Gr—New York O—

Very Plain in Some People.

A great many people go on suffering from annoying ailments for a long time before they can get their own consent to give up the indulgence from which their trouble arises.

A gentleman in Brooklyn describes his experience as follows: "I became satisfied some months ago that I owed the palpitation of the heart, from which I suffered almost daily, to the use of coffee (I had been a coffee drinker for 30 years), but I found it very hard to give up the beverage."

"I realized that I must give up the harmful indulgence in coffee but I felt the necessity for a hot table drink, and as tea is not to my liking, I was at a loss for awhile what to do."

"One day I ran across a very sensible and straightforward presentation of the claims of Postum Food Coffee, and was so impressed thereby that I concluded to give it a trial. My experience with it was unsatisfactory till I learned how it ought to be prepared—by thorough boiling for not less than 15 or 20 minutes. After I learned that lesson there was no trouble. Postum Food Coffee proved to be a most palatable and satisfactory hot beverage, and I have used it ever since."

"The effect on my health has been most salutary. It has completely cured the heart palpitation from which I used to suffer so much, particularly after breakfast, and I never have a re-awakening of it except when I dine or lunch away from home and am compelled to drink the old kind of coffee because Postum is not served. I find that Posture Food Coffee cheers and invigorates while it produces no harmful stimulation." Name given by Postum The Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Ten days' trial proves an eye opener to many. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville" in every pkg.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Mrs. Pare, wife of C. B. Pare, a prominent resident of Glasgow, Ky., says: "I was suffering from a complication of kidney troubles. Besides, I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied with a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can rest well, my back is strong and sound and I feel much better in every way."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

Where the Money Goes.

The American people spent as much money last year for gems and jewelry as they spent for pianos and other musical instruments, and more than three times as much as they spent for sewing machines.—New York Sun.

Williams' Pink Pills.

of good. I had heard of these pills I

NO MORE HEADACHE

GENERAL WEAKNESS AND FEVER DISAPPEAR TOO.

How a Woman Was Freed from Troubles That Had Made Life Wretched for Many Years.

The immediate causes of headaches vary, but most of them come from poor circulation of the blood. In anemia the blood is thin and the nerves are impeded by its want of nourishment. In which they express their weakness. In which the blood absorbs poison from the various surfaces, and the poison irritates the nervous system, and produces pain. In rheumatism, malaria and the grip, the poison in the blood produces the discomfort. In indigestion the gases from the impure matter kept in the system affect the blood in the same way.

The ordinary headache cures at best give only temporary relief. They deaden the pain but do not drive the poison out of the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills on the contrary thoroughly renew the blood and the pain disappears permanently. Women in particular have found these pills an unfailing relief in headaches caused by anemia.

Miss Stella Blocker recently said: "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills did me a great deal of good. I had headache nearly all the time. After I had taken three boxes of these pills I became entirely well."

"How long had you suffered?" she was asked.

"For several years. I can't tell the exact date when my illness began for it came on by slow degrees. I had been going down hill for many years."

"Did you have any other ailments?"

"I was very weak and sometimes I had fever. My liver and kidneys were affected as well as my head."

"How did you come to take the remedy that cured you?"

"I saw in a southern newspaper a statement of some person who was cured of a like trouble by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. My physician hadn't done me any good, so I bought a box of these pills. After I had taken one box I felt so much better that I kept on until I became entirely well."

Miss Blocker's home is at Leander, Louisiana. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all druggists. Besides headache they cure neuralgia, sciatica, nervous prostration, partial paralysis and rheumatism.

Brain Works Better at Night.

It is recognized by the man disposed to night work that after the conventional 6:30 o'clock dinner his brain begins to get into working order about 8:30 o'clock, and at 11:30 o'clock he may be wider awake and more active in his mentality than at any other period in the twenty-four hours. Yet if he be in normal health, he will find that in going to bed under such conditions, sleep will follow easily and soundly. It is only when insomnia is the sequence of such work that he should call a halt.

Alabastine

Typoid Fever, Diphtheria, Small Pox — the germs of these deadly diseases multiply in the decaying glue present in all kalsomines, and the decaying paste under wall paper.

ALABASTINE is a disinfectant; it destroys disease germs and vermin; is manufactured from a stone cement base, hardens on the walls, and is as enduring as the wall itself. ALABASTINE is mixed with cold water, and any one can apply it.

Ask for sample card of beautiful tints and information about decorating. Take no cheap substitute.

ALABASTINE COMPANY
Grand Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich.
New York Office, 105 Water St.

AT BED TIME I TAKE A PLEASANT HERR DRINK

THE NEXT MORNING I FEEL BRIGHT AND NEW AND MY COMPLEXION IS BETTER.

My doctor says it acts gently on the stomach, liver and kidneys and is a pleasant laxative. This drink is made from herbs and is prepared for use as easily as the his called "Lass's Tea" or "Lass's Family Medicine".

LANE'S FAMILY MEDICINE
All druggists or by mail \$2.50 and 50 cts. Buy it at Lane's Family Medicine moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is the remedy. Address, O. F. Woodward, Le Roy, N. Y.

W. L. DOUGLAS
UNION MADE. \$3.50 & \$3.00 SHOES FOR MEN.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior quality. These shoes are just as good as those that cost from \$5.00 to \$10.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 shoes cost more to make, but they are better shoes than any other shoes on the market to-day. W. L. DOUGLAS guarantees their value by stamping his name on the inside of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. DOUGLAS \$3.50 shoes are sold through his retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. DOUGLAS shoes are within your reach.

Some People Know.

"Well, it ain't so bad as it might be, this hotel clerk job," said a young man who has recently taken a place behind the desk. "I wasn't on duty an hour before I saw that I had a soft snap in a good many ways. You see a clerk is in position to advise the guests where to go for amusement, where to shop, where to go out for dinner, and so on. I've been offered discounts on haberdashery and clothing. I've got two passes here from a theater, and an annual pass to a summer garden. I guess somebody knows a little about a hotel clerk's position."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Buckle Once Was Lafayette's.

Cassius G. Clay of Franklin, N. H., has just found a breeches buckle among the effects of his grandfather, Samuel Clay, which was the property of Lafayette, under whom the elder Clay served in the revolutionary war. The French general lost the buckle at the battle of Brandywine, and it was afterwards picked up by Clay, who had a dream telling him where it would be found.

"Skunt."

You have had crope, roke and drug, and what's the matter with skunt? A young lady a few years ago visited this part of the country who had never seen turpentine worked before and when she returned to her home told them that the pine trees down here were "skunt" up to the limbs.—Charlotte Observer.

CAPT. GRAHAM'S CURE.

Sores on Face and Back—Tried Many Doctors Without Success—Gives Thanks to Cuticura.

Captain W. S. Graham, 1321 Eoff St., Wheeling, W. Va., writing under date of June 14, '04, says: "I am so grateful I want to thank God that a friend recommended Cuticura Soap and Ointment to me. I suffered for a long time with sores on my face and back. Some doctors said I had blood poison, and others that I had barbers' itch. None of them did me any good, but they all took my money. My friends tell me my skin now looks as clear as a baby's, and I tell them all that Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment did it."

Japanese "Hello!"

The Japanese "Hello!" at the telephone is "moshi moshi," or "Ano ne," with the accent on the "ay."

Watch for It.

It will pay you to watch for the very first symptom of indigestion or liver trouble and to prevent the trouble from gaining headway, by quickly taking Dr. Caldwell's (Laxative) Syrup Pepsin. Nothing is more weakening to the system than chronic dyspepsia, and all its complications. Nothing will cure it so quickly, pleasantly and surely as Syrup Pepsin. Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00. Money back if it fails!

Brick Kiln Collapses.

Milwaukee special: Two men were instantly killed by the caving in of a brick kiln in the brickyards of Burnham Bros., in the southern part of the city.

Cannot Reduce a Rate.

It is stated in Washington, that under the Townsend rate bill, if a rate is fixed by the Commission it cannot be lowered by a railroad. Should an emergency arise calling for a decreased rate, the railroads or shippers would have to appeal again to the Commission, there being no latitude allowed, whatever the circumstances. Hitherto a maximum rate has been the rule, but no such concession is made under the proposed legislation.

It's a poor religion that will not stand the trip from the church to the street.

Oftentimes when a feller asks for a girl's hand he gets the old man's foot. Nothing beats a good wife—except a bad husband.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honest in all business transactions and financially capable to carry out all obligations made by him. His name, KILPATRICK & MARYS.

Who sells Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Aspiration proves itself by perspiration.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after the first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Send for FREE BOTTLE and full particulars. Dr. H. K. Kline, Ltd., 283 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Krone of a minute, the sorrow of a lifetime.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.

For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Having tasted bitterness one becomes a man.

W. L. DOUGLAS
W. L. DOUGLAS makes and sells more men's \$3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. \$10,000 a year in shoes made in his factory.

"Lost City" Found

(Special Correspondence.)

One of the most interesting discoveries of recent years was made by a party of Americans recently when they stumbled upon the ruins of Teayo, the famous "Lost City" of Mexico.

Centuries ago Teayo was the capital of the kingdom of the Otomites, a powerful race of Indians, who in civilization, power and numbers excelled even the famous Aztecs.

This race gradually dwindled away and for a hundred years or more nothing was known of themselves or their capital except what was handed down in Mexican traditions. Teayo, once inhabited by 50,000 people, gradually became a heap of ruins. Located in the most inaccessible part of an almost inaccessible country—a country into which no white man ever penetrated—Teayo became known as a "lost city." The Mexican government now intends to send a party of archaeologists to explore the mines.

The ruins of Teayo were discovered by a party who were investigating a report of the existence of coal deposits. When they reached the Otomite territory they found an Otomite Indian, whom they employed as guide.

They found no coal where it was said to exist, and they resolved to continue their journey into the wilds for the purpose of seeing what they might discover.

Guided by the Otomite Indian, they traveled over mountains and through dense jungles of tropical forests for fourteen days. They came upon a number of small settlements of Otomite Indians, and but for the fact that their guide interceded in their behalf they would have been sacrificed.

They were the first white men to penetrate the region, and their appearance was a sensational event to the Indians, who have never submitted to or acknowledged the authority of the Mexican government over them. The Otomites proudly boast that they are still unconquered.

In Sight of the Ruins.

On the fourteenth day the Americans came within sight of the city of Teayo. The sacrificial tower, which rises to a height of 65 feet, attracted their attention when some distance away from the city. The Otomite guide went forward and obtained permission from the inhabitants of the ruined city for the Americans to enter.

They spent several days viewing the ruins of the ancient capital, which in the days of its glory had a population of not less than 500,000 people. They obtained a large number of good photographs of the different ruins and views of the city.

These photographs include hieroglyphics which exist in the city. It is believed that when these hieroglyphics are deciphered they will show that a discovery of great archaeological value has been made. In an interview one of the members of the party of explorers gave the following description of the ruined city:

The Sacrificial Tower.

"The sacrificial tower, which now rises 65 feet above ground, formerly had an altitude of more than 100 feet. It has been reduced in height by the erosion of the centuries. There are great quantities of stones detached from it scattered over the ground at its base. When the great age of this pyramid or tower is considered, it is the best preserved monument of Mexican antiquity known to exist. At the base of the tower, the north and south

sides are 65 feet wide and the east and west sides are 75 feet wide. A stone stairway 30 feet wide runs up the tower on the east side. It is estimated that at least 40,000 tons of material were used in constructing this monument.



Another interesting feature of the ancient city is the great central underground chamber. The Otomites constructed underground thoroughfares through all parts of the city, and through these dark and gloomy passages and chambers are still in a good state of preservation. This system of underground thoroughfares radiated from the sacrificial tower. Many of them are walled with stone, upon which the beautiful work of the sculptor is still to be seen.

"I saw underground chambers which were filled with skeletons of men said to have been the victims of religious rites. The labyrinth of underground passages, chambers and vaults will probably reveal a great volume of information bearing on the past history of the Otomites when properly explored and investigated. One of these subterranean passages

Teayo, for Centuries Capital of Powerful Otomite Indian Tribe, Explored by Americans.

runs from the center of the city to a surface opening in the face of a cliff, seven miles distant. It is said that no one has entered this mysterious passage for many decades. It was used to provide the imperial family a means of exit from the capital in time of emergency.

"The ancient Otomites excelled the Aztecs in sculptural art, as is shown by the splendid expressions of the human face on stone wrought by the Otomites as compared with that of the Aztecs. The tomb of Tlachimoc, the last of the emperors of the Otomites, is one of the things of interest which we saw at Teayo. The tomb has a raised cover, upon which two sphinx-like figures stand like guards over the pagan ruler. A cross of mahogany, erected in recent years, surmounts the cover.

How Victims Were Sacrificed.

"At each corner of the paved area over the tomb stands a sculptured stone taken from some ancient legend place to do honor to the memory



Vase for Holding Hearts of Human Victims of Sacrifice.

of the dead emperor. One of these stones is eight feet high and is covered with allegorical figures, inscriptions and hieroglyphics; another of the stones represents a prince, a third a wise man and the fourth a woman, who is minus her head.

"The Otomites sacrificed the lives of their victims by casting their bodies from the top of the tower through the hole which formed the center of the structure from top to bottom. The bodies fell into the subterranean passage under the tower. Otomite Indians are of light complexion. In the days of their power they were well advanced in civilization."

Must Have Been Interesting.

The Rev. Dr. Cleland B. McAfee, pastor of the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian church, at the dinner of the Brooklyn Chapter of the American Institute of Bank Clerks the other evening told a story to illustrate how aimless in their remarks some public speakers (including ministers) are. In an audience listening to a speech, Dr. McAfee said, were a mother and her young daughter, 5 years old. After the speaker had been talking for about an hour the youngster turned to her mother and asked:

"Muvver, do you know what the man is talking about?"

"I do not, my child," was the mother's response.

After a few minutes' pause the girl

turned to her mother again and inquired:

"Muvver, does the man know what he is talking about?"

"I am sure I don't know, my child," replied the mother.

There was another pause, broken by this query from the youngster, addressed to her mother:

"Muvver, do you think God does know what the man is talking about?"

"I don't know, I am sure, my child," was the response of the mother; "but if God does know, He is the only one who does,—Brooklyn Eagle.

Mistook His Motives.

"I believe you have liquor on your person," declared the elderly lady to whom Tired Tiffins had applied for food.

"No, leddy, I haven't."

"I feel sure I can detect the odor of liquor. I believe you have a bottle in your pocket."

"Honest, leddy, I haven't," was the earnest reply. "If I had, I wouldn't hesitate to produce. James Tiffin was never no dodger when it came to sharin' de booze."

WAS AFTER A RECORD.

Fair Damsel Wished to Remain Quiet for Five Minutes.

The beautiful girl in the parlor scene was strangely silent.

"Ethel, dear," queried the young man on the other end of the sofa, his voice quivering with tremulous pathos, "have I offended you?"

The maiden fair shook her head, but uttered never a word.

"Then," he continued, "why don't you speak? You haven't uttered a word for nearly three minutes."

"Still more silence on the part of the party of the feminine part.

"Darling," he said, as he placed his arm gently about the waist line of her person, "I cannot bear this strenuous quiet. Answer me—why don't you say something?"

"Oh, George," she exclaimed, as her head—bargain counter pompadour and all—dropped with a dull thud on the solitary cigar in his upper vest pocket, "it has ever been my ambition to accomplish something out of the ordinary—something that would make me famous—and now, just as I was about to grasp fame right by the back of the neck, you butted in and snatched it from me. I know I am only a weak woman, but had you allowed me to remain silent for five consecutive minutes I would have broken all previous records."—Cincinnati Inquirer.

Forgotten How to Live.

We all take life too strenuously, of course, but to some it is a mountain of duties that must never be lost sight of. "Some day I am going to remain in bed and rest to my heart's content," said a tired woman one day, as she went over the list of things that she thought must be done. That was five years ago, and recently she was asked if she had found "some day," and she confessed that she had not. She never will, for she will never be able to dig through that mountain she was foolish enough to build up years ago. She has forgotten how to live. That is the trouble with many of us.—Montreal Herald.

Authors at Their Work.

Byron composed the greater part of "Lara" at the toilet table, and the prologue on the opening of Drury Lane theater in a stage coach. Moore's splendid Eastern romance, "Lallah Rookh," was written in a cottage blocked up by snow, with an English winter howling round.

Big Sister's Bow.

A little four-year-old girl while calling on a neighbor was asked: "Is Mr. Hutchinson your sister's beau?" She did not make any reply, but on arriving home she ran to her sister, and eagerly inquired, "Eva, is Mr. Hutchinson your ribbon?"

A Tale of Suffering.

Oakley, Mich., May 8th.—(Special)—"I could not sleep or rest in any place," says Florence Capen of this place in a recent interview, "I had a pain in my back and hips. If I sat down I could not get up out of my chair. I was in pain all the time. I got poor for I did not eat enough to keep a small child. I could not rest nights."

"Then I sent for a box of Dodd's Kidney Pills and went to taking them and what do you think, that very night I went to bed and I slept till morning. I got up and thanked God for the night's rest and Dodd's Kidney Pills. I know that Dodd's Kidney Pills are all that is claimed for them."

This is only one of the numerous experiences that show the way to build up run down people is to cure the kidneys. Thousands of people in every state bear witness to the fact that Dodd's Kidney Pills never fail to cure the kidneys.

Societies Give Farmers Machinery.

There are no less than 40 agricultural societies scattered over Serbia, which distribute modern agricultural machinery and implements among the farmers. These societies have a central office at Belgrade.

If You Are Sick, Doctor!

When the medicinal properties of Saw Palmetto Berries were discovered the question of the permanent cure of Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder troubles was settled. Vernal Palmerton's (Palmetto Berry Wine) is recommended by thousands of former sufferers. It relieves the inflammation and cures the disease. Don't suffer from Dyspepsia, constipation, backache, headache, Vernal Palmerton will cure you. Write for free trial bottle to Vernal Remedy Co., Le Roy, N. Y. Sold by druggists.

When a man really knows God he always rejoices at the prospect of a chance to give.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—W. M. O. ENDLEY, Vanuren, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

There is no lift in a long face.

"Dr. David Kennedy's favorite Remedy" is the most prompt and complete relief from dyspepsia and liver derangement." B. T. Trowbridge, Harrison, N. Y.

Hot heads make cold hearts.

Pays 6 per cent

The Realty Syndicate

of San Francisco

Paid-up Capital, \$4,600,000

Assets, \$1,130,895.32

Incorporated 1895.

Investment Certificates issued in sums of \$100 to \$10,000.

Interest 6 per cent per annum.

Payable semi-annually.

Write to The Realty Syndicate

No. 14 Sansome St., San Francisco, California

A JUDGE'S WIFE



MRS. MINNIE McALLISTER.

Mrs. Carrie King, Darlington, Mo., writes: "I have suffered for years with biliousness, and kidney and liver trouble.

"If I caught a little cold, the pains were increased and backache and headache were of frequent occurrence."

"However, Peruna cured me—twelve bottles made me a healthy woman."

PAIN IN THE BACK AND SIDE

Quickly Cured by a Short Course of Pe-ru-na.

MRS. MINNIE E. McALLISTER, wife of Judge McAllister, writes from 1217 West 35rd street, Minneapolis, Minn., as follows:

"I suffered for years with a pain in the small of my back and right side. It interfered often with my domestic and social duties and I never supposed that I would be cured, as the doctor's medicine did not seem to help me any."

"Fortunately a member of our Order advised me to try Peruna and gave it such high praise that I decided to try it. Although I started in with little faith, I felt so much better in a week that I felt encouraged.

"I took it faithfully for seven weeks and am happy indeed to be able to say that I am entirely cured."

"Words fail to express my gratitude. Perfect health once more is the best thing I could wish for, and thanks to Peruna, I enjoy that now."

Pain in the back, or on the right side. How often a physician hears this complaint!

Over and over we hear women say: "I have a pain in the small of my back. I have a pain in my right side, just below the ribs."

These symptoms indicate pelvic or abdominal catarrh.

They indicate that the bowels are not acting properly—that the liver is out of order—that the pelvic organs are congested.

Pelvic catarrh—that is the name for it. Peruna cures pelvic catarrh, when all of these symptoms disappear.

The catarrh may be all in the abdominal organs, when it would be properly called abdominal catarrh.

At any rate, it is one of those cases of internal catarrh which can be reached only by a course of treatment with Peruna.

We have on file thousands of testimonials similar to the above. It is impossible here to give our readers more than one or two specimens of the number of grateful and commendatory letters Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving in behalf of his famous catarrh remedy, Peruna.

The Secret of Good Coffee

Even the best housekeepers cannot make a good cup of coffee without good material. Dirty, adulterated and queerly blended coffee such as unscrupulous dealers shovel over their counters won't do. But take the pure, clean, natural flavored LION COFFEE, the leader of all package coffees—the coffee that for over a quarter of a century has been daily welcomed in millions of homes—and you will make a drink fit for a king in this way:

HOW TO MAKE GOOD COFFEE.

Use LION COFFEE, because to get best results you must use the best coffee. Grind your LION COFFEE rather fine. Use one tablespoonful to each cup, and one extra for the pot. First mix it with a little cold water, enough to make a thick paste, and add white of an egg (if egg is to be used as a settler), then follow on the following rules:

1st. WITH BOILING WATER. Add boiling water, and let it boil THREE MINUTES ONLY. Add a little cold water and set aside five minutes to settle. Serve promptly.

2d. WITH COLD WATER. Add your cold water to the paste and bring it to a boil. Then set aside, add a little cold water, and in five minutes it's ready to serve.

3. (Don't boil it too long. Don't let it stand more than ten minutes before serving. Don't use water that has been boiled before.)

TWO WAYS TO SETTLE COFFEE.

1st. With Eggs. Use part of the white of an egg, mixing it with the ground LION COFFEE before boiling.

2d. With Cold Water. Instead of eggs, after boiling add a dash of cold water, and set aside for eight or ten minutes, then serve through a strainer.

Insist on getting a package of genuine LION COFFEE, prepare it according to this recipe and you will only use LION COFFEE in future. (Sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages.) (Lion-head on every package.) (Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.)

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE

WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.

CO-OPERATION IS THE PEOPLE'S TRUST

Regular Wholesale Price to Consumers and Dealers Not Holding One of Our Non-Assessable Life Membership Bonds. Per Cwt. \$9.65

Write for Free Sample

Cost Price to Members of Our Co-operative Society Persons Holding One of Our Non-Assessable Life Membership Bonds. Per Cwt. \$8.69

We Have Purchased the Entire Output of the Only Anti-Trust Factory in the World.

No. 1 Standard Twine, Guaranteed to Average Five Hundred Feet in the Pound.

PUT UP IN FLAT BALES OF 50 POUNDS EACH

Our Society is the only one in the world that is lighting trails and compassing aid giving its customers and members the benefit of the low prices obtained. It is your duty to lend us your support. Mail us your order now for what time you will need for the coming harvest, so that we may prepare you in due season. To be shipped June 1. We will notify you ten days before shipping and you may then send us Payment Order to the amount of what you have purchased.

This is Only One of the Many Advantages Gained By Being a Member of the CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY of the NATIONAL SUPPLY CO., Lansing, Mich.

A CLEAR, HEALTHY SKIN

Sandholm's Eczema and Skin Remedy Purifies, Then Heals

Positively cures Eczema, Pimples, Eruptions, Insect bites and all diseases of the skin. An absolute cure for Dandruff or Scalp disease.

Ask Druggist or Dealer or send for FREE SAMPLE and BOOKLET. Write to-day.

Dept. 6, SANDHOLM DRUG CO., Des Moines, Ia.

TWENTY BUSHELS OF WHEAT TO THE ACRE

is the record on the Free Homestead Lands of Western Canada for 1904.

The 150,000 farmers from the United States, who during the past seven years have gone to Canada participate in this prosperity.

The United States will soon become an importer of wheat. Get a free homestead or purchase a farm in Western Canada, and become one of those who will produce it.

Apply for information to Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to authorized Canadian Government Agent—M. V. McInnes, 6 Avenue Theatre Block, Detroit, Michigan; C. A. Laurier, Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

DENSION JOHN W. MORRIS

Washington, D. C.

Successfully Prosecutes Claims, Late Principal of Chamber U. S. Pension Bureau.

3 yrs in civil war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

W. N. U.—DETROIT—No. 19—1905

When answering Ads. kindly mention this paper

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer, or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye. Black and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, N. C.

MAJESTIC BUILDING. PALMER & VOGEL, ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS. Plans and specifications for all kinds of buildings. Plans and estimates for concrete work. Land surveying, ditch and foundation leveling.

STIVERS & KALMBACH ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. General Law Practice in all courts. Notary Public in the office. Phone 63. Office in Kempf Bank Block.

JAMES S. GORMAN, LAW OFFICE. East Middle street, Chelsea, Mich.

TURNBULL & WITHERELL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. B. B. Turnbull, H. D. Witherell. CHELSEA, MICH.

MCCOLGAN, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office, Wilkinson-Turnbull block. Phone No. 114. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

H. W. SCHMIDT, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office hours: 10 to 12 forenoon; 2 to 4 afternoon; 7 to 8 evening. Night and Day calls answered promptly. Chelsea Telephone No. 30. 2 rings for office, 3 rings for residence. CHELSEA, MICH.

S. G. BUSH, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Formerly resident physician U. of M. Hospital, Office in Hatch block. Residence on South street.

AT THE OFFICE OF Dr. H. H. Avery. You will find only up-to-date methods used, accompanied by the much needed experience that crown and bridge work requires. Prices as reasonable as first-class work can be done. Once, over Raftery's Tailor Shop.

A. L. STEGER, DENTIST. Office in Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank Building. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

ERNEST E. WEBER, TONSORIAL PARLORS. Shaving, hair cutting, shampooing, etc., executed in first-class style. Razors honed. Shop in the Boyd block, Main street.

H. S. HOLMES pres. C. H. Kempf, vice pres. J. A. Palmer, cashier. Geo. A. Bejole, asst. cashier. -NO. 203- THE KEMPF COMMERCIAL & SAVINGS BANK. CAPITAL \$40,000. Commercial and Savings Departments. Money to loan on first-class security. Directors: Reuben Kempf, H. S. Holmes, C. H. Kempf, R. S. Armstrong, C. Klein, Geo. A. Bejole, Ed. Vogel.

S. A. MAPES & CO., FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS. FINE FUNERAL FURNISHINGS. Calls answered promptly night or day. Chelsea Telephone No. 6. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

F. STAFFAN & SON, Funeral Directors and Embalmers. ESTABLISHED 40 YEARS. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN. Chelsea Telephone No. 9.

F. D. MERITHEW, LICENSED AUCTIONEER. Bell Phone 62, Manchester, Mich. Dates made at this office.

E. W. DANIELS, GENERAL AUCTIONEER. Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information call at Standard office or address Gregory, Mich., r. f. d. 2. Phone connection. Auction bills and tin cups furnished free.

Geo. H. Foster AUCTIONEER. Satisfaction Guaranteed, Terms Reasonable. Headquarters at G. H. Foster & Co's OLIVE LODGE NO. 156, F. & A. M. Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M. for 1905. Jan. 17, Feb. 14, March 14, April 18, May 16, June 13, July 11, Aug. 8, Sept. 12, Oct. 10, Nov. 7. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec 5. C. W. MARONEY, Sec.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route." Time Card, taking effect, Nov. 27, 1904. TRAINS EAST: No. 8-Detroit Night Express 5:38 a. m. No. 35-Atlantic Express 8:20 a. m. No. 13-G. R. and Kalamazoo 10:40 a. m. No. 2-Mail 3:15 p. m. TRAINS WEST: No. 21-Det. Rd. Epd. & Chic. 10:20 a. m. No. 5-Mail 8:35 a. m. No. 13-G. R. and Kalamazoo 6:45 p. m. No. 37-Pacific Express 10:52 p. m. *Nos. 36 and 37 stop on signal only to let off and take on passengers. O. W. ROGERS, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agt. W. T. Glanque, Agent.

D. Y. A. A. & J. RAILWAY. SPECIAL CARS-BLUE SIGN. Leave Chelsea for Detroit at 7:20 a. m., and every two hours until 9:20 p. m. Leave Chelsea for Jackson at 8:50 a. m., and every two hours until 10:50 p. m. LOCAL CARS. Leave Chelsea for Detroit at 6:30 a. m. and every two hours until 10:30 p. m. Leave Chelsea for Jackson at 7:50 a. m. and every two hours until 11:50 p. m. Leave Chelsea for Ypsilanti at 12:09 a. m. Special cars for the accommodation of private parties may be arranged for at the Ypsilanti office. Cars run on Standard time. On Sundays the first cars leave terminals one hour later. Saline Branch cars will connect with Special cars going East and West at Ypsilanti.

"THE SQUAWMA N." The New Indian Play to Be a Splendid Production at the Detroit Opera House, May 11, 12 and 13.

Detroit is to have a treat in the presentation at the Detroit Opera House for three nights and Saturday matinee, commencing Thursday evening, May 11, of Edwin Milton Royle's new four act comedy-drama, "The Squawman," which, with William Faver sham in the stellar part, has been declared one of the real sensations of the season by newspaper writers in Buffalo, Toronto and other cities in which it has already been seen. This is one of Liebler & Co.'s spring productions, and is done with all the completeness that usually marks the stage productions of that firm of managers.

As the title indicates, the story has to do with cowboy and Indian life in the west, where, when a white man takes an Indian woman for his wife, he becomes in local parlance a "squawman." In this particular instance the "squawman" is an Englishman, and the play opens in England. There the audience is introduced to the hero, and his relatives, among them the Earl of Kerhill, who is head of his family. To save the said Earl from punishment for embezzlement and the Earl's wife, whom he loves, from disgrace, the hero allows the suspicion of the crime to rest upon himself, and disappears.

The audience next finds the hero, now known as Jim Carstony in the role of a cattle ranchman in western America. The scene is the Long Horn saloon at Maverick, a cow town and water tank station on the Union Pacific railroad, with all the usual appurtenances of bar and gambling tables. The noble Earl and his countess stop off on their way across the continent, and Jim saves them from an unpleasant predicament. Although he denies his identity to her, she really thinks just as much of him as ever.

In the excitement attendant upon the departure of the English tourists, the Earl around "bad man" of the neighborhood shoots the drop on Jim and is about to shoot him when he is himself killed by a well aimed shot from the pistol of an Indian girl to whom the English ranchman has been kind. In the next act the Englishman and the Indian girl are married and have a child, a little boy. News comes that Jim's cousin is dead and that he is now the Earl of Kerhill. Feeling that he cannot honorably desert his wife, Indian though she be, he decides to renounce the title in favor of his son, whom he determines to send back to England to be educated for the position he is to take in society. The Indian mother refuses to be separated from her child, and when she finds Jim immovable in his determination, shoots herself. Then comes an Indian uprising which gives the hero an opportunity of rescuing the countess who has come to America in search of him, and when the curtain falls the audience knows that the new Earl of Kerhill and his little boy and the countess will live happily together ever afterward.

Mr. Royle has made his hero one of those manly, courageous, lovable, good looking young Englishmen, such as Mr. Faversham has impersonated on several occasions in the past with marked success, and in his present role the popular young actor ought to score one of the biggest hits of his career. Melodramatic as the story may sound, as told above, it is not at all so in reality, and in the rehearsals every effort has been made to make the scenes both natural and convincing. Liebler & Co. have given their star an unusually fine supporting company, which includes E. J. Ratcliffe, as the Earl; Selen Johnson, as the countess; Mrs. F. O. Dellenbaugh, as the Earl's mother; W. S. Hart, as the "bad man" who tries to kill Jim; Mabel Morrison, as the Indian wife, and Theodore Roberts, as her father, a peace chief of the Utes.

One of the many realistic touches of the production will be the use by the Indian characters of the Ute language. Mr. Roberts will speak exclusively in this tongue, and what he says will be interpreted to the audience by Baco White, a full blooded Ute Indian who for some time has been the official interpreter of his tribe, and who will on this occasion make his professional debut as an actor.

AFTER-INCOME TAXES. Charles Whittum representing the Auditor General's department at Lansing, was in Ann Arbor Thursday looking up the matter of estates liable for inheritance taxes. He found three estates which are now taxable under the inheritance tax law as follows: George J. Ament, \$133,50; John Logan, \$95,60; John G. English, \$82,25.—Times.

ANNUAL REUNION. The annual reunion of the Thirty-first Michigan Infantry Spanish War Veterans will be held at Monroe Wednesday, May 17. The veterans of company M are making great preparations to entertain the visiting comrades and a fine program has been prepared for entertainment and banquet. Business meeting will be held at 11 o'clock a. m.

MAD DOG SCARE TURNED. Stony Creek is having a mad dog scare which has turned into a mad dog scare. A short time ago a dog belonging to George Payne developed signs of rabies. Before it was disposed of the dog bit another dog and some dogs. Later the first dog showed such unmistakable signs of rabies that it was killed. Now the dogs have developed the disease and they are shut up separately and later will be killed and the brains sent to Lansing for analysis.

FOR BOTH. One disease of thinness in children is scrofula; in adults, consumption. Both have poor blood; both need more fat. These diseases thrive on leanness. Fat is the best means of overcoming them; cod liver oil makes the best and healthiest fat and

SCOTT'S EMULSION is the easiest and most effective form of cod liver oil. Here's a natural order of things that shows why Scott's Emulsion is of so much value in all cases of scrofula and consumption. More fat, more weight, more nourishment, that's why. Send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists 409-415 Pearl Street, New York 50c. and \$1.00. All druggists.

NEWSY NUGGETS FROM NEARBY NEIGHBORS

TO CELEBRATE JULY FOURTH. That Jackson will celebrate the 4th of July in a patriotic manner, is now a well settled fact.—Industrial News.

FOUNDATIONS FOR MEMORIAL. The foundations for the monument and big gun are being put in this week. The gun will be put on wheels so that it may be fired if ever it should seem appropriate.—Stockbridge Sun.

FISH FOR THE LAKES. The Michigan fish commission left 75,000 lake trout here Saturday morning. They were consigned to G. E. Beebe, who will plant them in Wolf and Portage lakes.—Jackson Citizen.

WANTS A CHANGE. The Ann Arbor council will ask the legislature to amend their city charter so that the water board will consist of one member from each of the seven wards, instead of three at large as at present.

HOD CARRIERS ON STRIKE. All mason work in the city of Ann Arbor is at a standstill on account of a strike of the union hod carriers. They have been getting 2 1/2 cents per hour and want 25 cents. The number on strike is about 50.

SCHOOL SAVINGS BANK. The school savings bank system has been in operation at Ypsilanti the past three months and has been found to be a success. There are 281 children who have started accounts and the deposits amount to \$608.48.

NEW DIVORCE RECORD. A divorce has been granted Peet Wantz of Augusta from Hattie Wantz. The parties were married just four months and the divorce was granted before the required return of the marriage could be made to the secretary of state.

WEIGHT INCREASED. January 21, 1905, J. H. Loomis purchased from William Gilbert three Poland China shoats whose combined weight was 350 pounds. After feeding them corn meal just 100 days, their combined weight was 990 pounds alive and 836 pounds dressed.—Jackson Citizens.

DESTROYS SAN JOSE SCALE. Lester Brown of Oak Street has found caustic potash, in the proportion of eight pounds of potash to fifty gallons of water, effective in destroying the San Jose scale. His plum trees, which he took in hand last spring, have come through the winter in excellent shape, and he has just finished re-spraying them.—Ypsilanti.

AFTER-INCOME TAXES. Charles Whittum representing the Auditor General's department at Lansing, was in Ann Arbor Thursday looking up the matter of estates liable for inheritance taxes. He found three estates which are now taxable under the inheritance tax law as follows: George J. Ament, \$133,50; John Logan, \$95,60; John G. English, \$82,25.—Times.

ANNUAL REUNION. The annual reunion of the Thirty-first Michigan Infantry Spanish War Veterans will be held at Monroe Wednesday, May 17. The veterans of company M are making great preparations to entertain the visiting comrades and a fine program has been prepared for entertainment and banquet. Business meeting will be held at 11 o'clock a. m.

MAD DOG SCARE TURNED. Stony Creek is having a mad dog scare which has turned into a mad dog scare. A short time ago a dog belonging to George Payne developed signs of rabies. Before it was disposed of the dog bit another dog and some dogs. Later the first dog showed such unmistakable signs of rabies that it was killed. Now the dogs have developed the disease and they are shut up separately and later will be killed and the brains sent to Lansing for analysis.

FOR BOTH. One disease of thinness in children is scrofula; in adults, consumption. Both have poor blood; both need more fat. These diseases thrive on leanness. Fat is the best means of overcoming them; cod liver oil makes the best and healthiest fat and

SCOTT'S EMULSION is the easiest and most effective form of cod liver oil. Here's a natural order of things that shows why Scott's Emulsion is of so much value in all cases of scrofula and consumption. More fat, more weight, more nourishment, that's why. Send for free sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists 409-415 Pearl Street, New York 50c. and \$1.00. All druggists.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS. (OFFICIAL.)

Chelsea, Mich., May 8, 1905. Board met in regular session. Meeting called to order by the president. Roll called by the clerk. Present—J. A. Palmer, and trustees Burkhardt, Knapp, Vogel, Colton and Sweetland. Absent—A. Eppler. Minutes read and approved.

The following bills were then read: E. J. Corbett, 1 car coal.....\$41 61 W. A. Gosline & Co., 1 car coal..... 32 85 Woodhams, Oakley & Oldfield, 1 car coal..... 43 36 The Sunday Creek Coal Co., 1 car coal..... 21 00

Karl E. Vogel, making map of wells 10 00 Dr S G Bush, health officer..... 50 00 Birdsele Chandler Co. fixtures..... 45 37 The Sun Oil Co. 1 bbl oil..... 7 98 Moved by Burkhardt, seconded by Sweetland, that the bills be allowed, as read by the clerk, and orders drawn on the treasurer for their amounts. Carried.

Moved by Knapp, seconded by Burkhardt, that the smallpox bills be referred to the finance committee and said committee to report at the next regular meeting. Carried.

Moved by Knapp, seconded by Sweetland, that the electric light and water works committee be instructed to make a complete list of all the electric light and water users and report same at the next regular meeting together with recommendations. Carried.

Moved by Colton, seconded by Vogel, that all the saloons be required to obey the laws in regard to keeping open Sundays and legal holidays according to Ordinance No. 29. Carried.

ORDINANCE NUMBER 29. An Ordinance relative to the better enforcement of the liquor laws of the state in the Village of Chelsea, and to regulate the time saloons and all other places, except drug stores, where malt or spirituous liquors are sold or kept for sale, shall be closed, and prescribing the duties of the Marshal and Village Attorney in enforcing the same.

SECTION 1. It shall not be lawful for any person to allow any minor to visit or remain in any room where spirituous or malt liquors are sold or kept for sale unless accompanied by his or her father or other legal guardian.

SEC 2. All saloons and other places, except drug stores, where intoxicating liquors are sold shall be closed on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, all election days and legal holidays, and until six o'clock of the following morning and other week day nights from and after nine o'clock p. m. until six o'clock of the succeeding day; and provided further, that each such person carrying on such liquor business may from May 1st to November 15th in each year on said week day nights continue on Monday to Friday evenings inclusive, until 9:30 o'clock p. m., and on Saturday evenings until 10:30 o'clock p. m. Provided that such person shall in good faith comply with the general laws of the state and of this ordinance in the conduct of his said business; and provided further, that should any such person be convicted of a violation of the liquor laws of the state, or under this ordinance, then he shall from the time of such conviction forfeit all right to keep open his place of business said additional time beyond nine o'clock p. m. of said week days, in addition to the penalty prescribed by the court on such conviction.

SEC 3. Any person or persons violating the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof before any justice of the peace having jurisdiction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars and cost of prosecution, or shall be imprisoned in the county jail not to exceed sixty days, or both such fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

SEC 4. It is hereby made the duty of the Marshal to strictly enforce this ordinance and make the necessary complaints against all persons violating the same, and it shall be the duty of the Village Attorney to appear and prosecute all such offenders, whether such complaint shall be made by said Marshal or any other person.

SEC 5. All ordinances, or parts of ordinances, conflicting with this ordinance are hereby repealed.

SEC 6. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its publication.

Approved June 6, 1901, by order of the Village Council. F. P. GLAZIER, President. W. H. HESSELCHWERDT, Clerk.

Moved by Vogel, seconded by Sweetland, that Ordinance No. 29, approved, June 6, 1901, be published in both the local papers. Carried.

Moved and supported that we adjourn. Carried. J. A. PALMER, President. W. H. HESSELCHWERDT, Clerk.

Don't let the children suffer. If they are fretful, peevish and cross, give them Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. The best baby tonic known. Strength and health follow its use. 35 cents. At the Bank Drug Store.

Stop! Don't take imitation celery tea when you ask for Celery King, a medicine of great value. The "teas" are urged upon you because they are bought cheap. Never jeopardize your health in a bad cause. Celery King only costs 25 cents and it never disappoints.



may never rise, unless you begin, in time, to take that certain remedy:

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS AND COLDS. Safe, certain, quick and pleasant to take. The only genuine cure for all Lung Diseases. Physicians Pronounced His Trouble Consumption. "I had a constant cough," writes W. L. Neims, of Temple, Tex., "and physicians pronounced my trouble Consumption. I ran down in weight to 123 lbs. After taking Dr. King's New Discovery, I gained 32 lbs., lost my cough, and feel better than for 10 years past." PRICES, 50c and \$1.00 TRIAL BOTTLES FREE ONE DOSE GIVES RELIEF

RECOMMENDED, GUARANTEED AND SOLD BY BANK DRUG STORE.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. John L. Bagge, Detroit, to Frank A. Leach, Chelsea, parcel in Sylvan, \$1.00. Emory M. Fletcher, Detroit, to Verona Fletcher, Chelsea, n 20 acres of ne of sec 4, Sharon, \$500. Thos. Birket, Dexter, to Alex T. Hurst, Detroit, parcel in Webster township, \$600. Mary Paul, et al, Lodi, to Oscar Blass et al, parcels on sec 12, 11 and 1, Lodi, \$4,100. Kate Hooker, Chelsea, to Frank T. Newton, Ann Arbor, lot 24, Cavanaugh Lake club, grounds, \$300. Matilda Trinkle, Freedom, to Mary Trinkle, et al, of nw of sec 15; also wh of wh of se q, Freedom, \$688. Charles Kendall to Bert B. Turnbull et al, Sharon, \$25.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to Burdock Bloods Bitters cures. At any drug store.

Crop reports are mainly of the most favorable character. Statistician Snow gives the condition of winter wheat May 1 at 91.1 compared with 90 in April and 74.5 in May last year. Acreage of winter wheat 30,851,000; acreage harvested last year, 28,551,000. About 200,000 acres seeded last fall has been plowed up and abandoned, which is an unusually small percentage. Spring wheat preliminary estimate of acreage, 20,940,000 acres, against 19,700,000 harvested on the last crop, an increase of 6.5 per cent. Only one state shows a conditions lower than 90.

A Creeping Death. Blood poison creeps up toward the heart, causing death. J. E. Stearns, Belle Plaine, Minn., writes that a friend dreadfully injured his hand, which swelled up like blood poisoning. Backlin's Arnica Salve drew out the poison, healed the wound, and saved his life. Best in the world for burns and sores. 25c at the Bank Drug Store.

WORK WEAKENS THE KIDNEYS. Doan's Kidney Pills have done great service for people who work.

Most people work every day in some strained, unnatural position bending constantly over a desk riding on jolting wagons or cars doing laborious housework; lifting, reaching or pulling, or trying the back in a hundred and one other ways. All these strains tend to wear, weaken and injure the kidneys until they fall behind in their work of filtering the poisons from the blood. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys, put new strength in bad backs.

G. B. Porter, of South Sprague street, Coldwater, Mich., says: "For three years I was annoyed by the action of the kidney secretions and suffered from a severe pain in the small of my back. After a hard days work or a long drive which I often had to do, the pain in my back was very severe. At night it was painful to turn or to move and the secretions were dark and unnatural in color. When I learned of Doan's Kidney Pills I got a box and I was pleased with their prompt beneficial effect. That was during the interval and the kidney secretions are normal. I have recommended Doan's Kidney Pills to others who in turn have been greatly benefited by them."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

PROBATE ORDER. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. At a session of the Probate Court for said county of Washtenaw, held at the 6th day of May in the year one thousand nine hundred and five. Present, Emory E. Leland, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Albert P. Schenk, deceased.

W. P. Schenk administrator of said estate, having filed in this court his final account, and praying that the same may be heard and allowed. It is Ordered, That the 6th day of June proximo, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at said probate office be appointed for allowance of said account. And it is further Ordered, That a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said time of hearing, in the Chelsea Standard a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Washtenaw. (A true copy.) W. P. SENEK & LELAND, Judge of Probate. H. W. HENKES, Register.

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS AND COLDS. Safe, certain, quick and pleasant to take. The only genuine cure for all Lung Diseases. Physicians Pronounced His Trouble Consumption. "I had a constant cough," writes W. L. Neims, of Temple, Tex., "and physicians pronounced my trouble Consumption. I ran down in weight to 123 lbs. After taking Dr. King's New Discovery, I gained 32 lbs., lost my cough, and feel better than for 10 years past." PRICES, 50c and \$1.00 TRIAL BOTTLES FREE ONE DOSE GIVES RELIEF

WILLIAM CASPARY, The baker invites you try his Breads, Cakes, Macaroons, Loaf Cake, Lady Fingers, Ginger Snaps, and Pies. Everything strictly fresh and in first class shape. Give a call. LUNCHES SERVED. A full line of home-made Candles on hand. Please give me a call. WILLIAM CASPARY

BE FIRST and you're last to be sorry. ARE YOU READY? We Are Ready Now. To make your Suit, Overcoat and Trousers. Best line to select from. WEBSTER THE TAILOR

A Living Monument. If we were to assemble all those who have been cured of heart disease by Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and who would to-day be in their graves had not Dr. Miles' been successful in perfecting this wonderful heart specific, they would populate a large city. What a remarkable record—a breathing, thinking, moving monument, composed of human lives,—that for which every other earthly possession is sacrificed. The Miles Medical Co. receive thousands of letters from these people like the following: "I feel indebted to the Dr. Miles' Heart Cure for my life. I desire to call the attention of others suffering as I have, to this remarkable remedy for the heart. For a long time I had suffered from shortness of breath after any and at times terrible pain in the region of the heart, so serious that I feared that I would some time drop dead upon the street. One day I read one of your circulars, and immediately went to your drugist and purchased two bottles according to the directions, with the result that I am entirely cured. Since then I never miss an opportunity to recommend this remedy to my friends who have heart trouble; in fact I am a traveling advertisement, for I am widely known in this locality. J. H. BOYMAN, Manager of Lebanon Democrat, Nashville, Tenn. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your drugist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

A Tough Cold, Sore Throat or Lung Trouble, if neglected, will, in time, TIE YOU DOWN to a sickbed, from which you may never rise, unless you begin, in time, to take that certain remedy: DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS AND COLDS. Safe, certain, quick and pleasant to take. The only genuine cure for all Lung Diseases. Physicians Pronounced His Trouble Consumption. "I had a constant cough," writes W. L. Neims, of Temple, Tex., "and physicians pronounced my trouble Consumption. I ran down in weight to 123 lbs. After taking Dr. King's New Discovery, I gained 32 lbs., lost my cough, and feel better than for 10 years past." PRICES, 50c and \$1.00 TRIAL BOTTLES FREE ONE DOSE GIVES RELIEF

NOTICE OF SALE. STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. In the matter of the estate of Charles E. Chandler, deceased. Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned administrator of the estate of said deceased by the Honorable Judge of Probate, for the County of Washtenaw on the 4th day of April 1905, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder at the west front door of the dwelling house on the premises hereinafter described in the village of Chelsea on Saturday the 20th day of May A. D. 1905 at one o'clock in the afternoon, by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased or at the time of such sale. The following described real estate, to-wit: Situated in the Village of Chelsea, County of Washtenaw, State of Michigan known and described as follows: Lot Number One (1) in Block Seventeen (17) E. Congdon's Third Addition to the Village of Chelsea aforesaid according to the recorded plat thereof, all occupied as one parcel and used as residence property with two story frame dwelling house and addition covering the western portion of said lot with the frame barn thereon, etc. Dated Chelsea Michigan, April 7, 1905. HERBERT D. WITHERELL, Administrator of the estate of the said deceased.

Advertise in The Standard. EYES SCIENTIFICALLY TESTED. GEORGE HALLER, sr., GRADUATE OPTICIAN. It does not necessarily mean that you work for 40 years to wear glasses, but wearing artificial light, etc., causes poor eye sight in over one-half the people. Only the latest improved instruments used in testing. HALLER'S JEWELRY STORE, ANN ARBOR, MICH.

BLACK-DRAUGHT STOCK & POULTRY MEDICINE. This great stock medicine is a money saver for stock raisers. It is a medicine, not a cheap food or condition powder. Though put up in coarser form than Theford's Black-Draught, renowned for the cure of the digestion troubles of persons, it has the same qualities of invigorating digestion, stirring up the torpid liver and loosening the constipated bowels for all stock and poultry. It is carefully prepared and its action is so healthful that stock grow and thrive with an occasional dose in their food. It cures hog cholera and makes hogs grow fat. It cures chicken cholera and roup and makes hens lay. It cures constipation, distemper and colds in horses, murrain in cattle, and makes a draught animal do more work for the food consumed. It gives animals and fowls of all kinds new life. Every farmer and raiser should certainly give it a trial. It costs 25c. a can and saves ten times its price in profit. FRANKS, Kas., March 26, 1904. I have been using your Black-Draught Stock and Poultry Medicine on my stock for some time. I have used all kinds of stock food but I have found that yours is the best for my purpose. J. S. HARRISON.

TRAVELERS RAILWAY GUIDE. Standard want ads bring results. When you read The Standard's ads you are always sure of bargains.

To write the first draft on a slate, that erases might easily be made, to copy in pencil on soft paper, and make more changes, and finally after many days and iterations to arrive at a neat and flawless manuscript—this was the painstaking method of the late General Lew Wallace. But "Ben Hur" was worth the trouble, the Youth's Companion thinks.

It is hard to be good, declares Collier's Weekly. It is not easy to be consistent. Thomas Hardy tells of a dog unusually endowed with logic. He had been taught to chase sheep. "Chasing sheep," he concluded, "is a good thing." Escaping one night from his quarters, he found the sheep and chased them. He continued his labors until they fell over a precipice and were killed. The next morning he was shot. Thus, Hardy concludes, ends any one who carries principles to their logical conclusion.

Mother Nature has two hands with which she guards her children, says H. M. Louis, in Physical Culture. One is the hand of heredity and one the hand of environment. She is not careless. Law balances law to the trembling of a hair's weight. Blood always tells. Environment always counts. He who would "account" for great souls must go with them back, far back, and be able to measure the sweep of mingling heredity-currents and the stamp of seemingly conflicting environments.

When you go to consult a distinguished physician whose time is precious it is well to be clear and prompt in your statements, advises the Buffalo Commercial, which adds: A young woman who was slow and confused in explaining her wants in the ante-room of a busy Buffalo physician the other day was hurried into an inner office, placed in a chair and had her stomach pumped out with the neatness and dispatch that come with daily practice. While some prescription was being written the astonished young woman found her voice and managed to make it known that it was her sister whose symptoms she had tried to describe.

In Montreal recently it was determined to establish a municipal gas plant, and the experts were put to work to estimate the cost. They found and reported that gas could be manufactured for twenty-six cents a thousand feet, states the New York American. They found further that, by delivering the gas to consumers for sixty-three cents the first year and reducing the rate annually, at the end of twenty years the loan necessary to build the plant would be completely wiped out and the people could be supplied with gas for thirty-three cents a thousand feet, which would still allow enough profit to keep the plant in first rate order and to make extensions as fast as the growth of the city required.

Despite certain recent condescending remarks about American judges, England seems to have a Dogberry left, says the New York Tribune. An English gentleman when called on to show a "tramway car inspector" his ticket held it up and the wind blew it out of his hand. It was never denied that he had purchased one for the journey, but being unable to produce the ticket, and unwilling to buy another, he was accordingly summoned to the local police court. The defendant claimed that he was deprived of his ticket by "the act of God," and that this was an adequate defense against the company's demand. It didn't work. The judge was rather shocked and raised the fine to punish the defendant for his "rank brashness."

The union bricklayers and the employing builders in New York City have concluded a treaty which helps to explain why Socialists find so much difficulty in converting trade unions. Under this arrangement the regular pay of a bricklayer is to be seventy cents per hour for an eight-hour day, says Collier's Weekly. For all overtime the rate is to be doubled—\$1.40 per hour. For an ordinary day the wages would be \$5.60. In the busy season the men often work twelve hours a day, which would raise the rate to \$11.20, or \$67.20 per week. Thus a bricklayer, even allowing for long vacations in dull times, may expect to earn more in a year than the average college professor or minister. He could hire the average clerk as a private secretary.

NEWS OF MICHIGAN

CHARLOTTE THE SCENE OF SHORTEST MURDER TRIAL EVER KNOWN

THE JENKS TRIAL NOW ON AND THE TUBBS ASK A NEW TRIAL

MATTERS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE BRIEFLY TOLD.

Chas. Smith, the Eaton Rapids boy who shot and killed Mort Kimes, January 17, was found guilty of murder in the first degree, in one of the shortest murder trials ever known in Charlotte, or Michigan. Only six hours was required to dispose of the case. Judge Smith had to order the jury taken to their rooms to give him time to prepare his charge. Charles Smith, aged 21, and his wife, who was May Wagner, aged 16, lived in a wood cutter's hut near Eaton Rapids. Morton Kimes, aged 16, boarded with them. Mrs. Smith was the only woman occupant of the house where half a dozen men besides her husband and Kimes lived. On January 17, so Smith claims, he discovered Kimes hugging and kissing his wife. In spite of his angry protests, this conduct is said to have been continued. The night before the murder Smith's wife refused to occupy the same room with him. Smith brought a shotgun into camp the next day and, entering the room where Kimes and a companion were sitting, aimed the gun at Kimes and shot him through the breast, killing him instantly.

Storm Was Fierce. One of the fiercest hail and wind storms ever witnessed in Grand Rapids came up Thursday afternoon. Hail in the shape of huge, hard icicles fell with terrific force, breaking windows in hundreds of residences and doing untold damage to fruit in the surrounding country. The storm lasted an hour. The hail entirely destroyed the windows of every greenhouse in the city, entailing a total loss of \$5,000. Skylights on Monroe and Canal streets were broken and 80 square feet of glass in the Gilbert block was smashed. The hail scared horses tied on the streets and numerous runaways occurred. Three horses being killed and several people injured. Nearly every window in the high school was broken by hail and school was dismissed. Windows in street cars were also broken.

Smallpox Epidemic. The smallpox epidemic is becoming a serious menace in Kalamazoo and the abatement of all public meetings is being advocated by cool headed citizens. Two high school pupils were taken ill with the dread disease within the past 24 hours and this in connection with the illness of two leading high school teachers is causing considerable alarm. Charles A. Carr was taken ill with smallpox Monday and removed to the detention hospital and the school board ordered the high school building to be closed. Tuesday Earle Goodenow, a high school senior, was also stricken and taken to the hospital. The situation is certainly more serious now than at any time and the most vigorous measures will have to be taken. Young Carr had the disease since Friday night and broke out with pustules on Monday morning, but did not go to a physician until Monday night. Carr carried a morning paper over the route on Saturday and Sunday mornings and it is feared that many exposures have resulted.

The Jenks Trial. With two murderers in the jail awaiting sentence, the third murder case for this term was taken up Friday afternoon, that of Clarence Jenks, charged with the murder of Alger Prudden, who was found dead in the home of his sister, Mrs. Jesse Tinney, on the evening of January 23. The defense in the case claim to have some sensational testimony to offer. Mr. and Mrs. Tinney, who have been in custody since the commission of the crime, on the supposition that they knew more of the affair than they chose to tell, will be used as witnesses against Jenks.

Mains Identified. Robert Ball, held at Ketchikan, Alaska, for the murder of William Deppe, his former partner, was positively identified Friday as Charles R. Mains, of Battle Creek, the attorney who was disbarred in Michigan after some of the most sensational criminal and civil cases Michigan ever saw. Officers from San Francisco made the identification before the grand jury, as Ball had gone by his real name, Charles R. Mains, in San Francisco, where he was arrested on a big embezzlement charge. If convicted, Mains will probably be hanged.

Dropped 1,400 Feet. Thirty-four men narrowly escaped death in the Red Jacket shaft of the alumet & Hecla mine Friday morning. Had not the safety catches on the freight of human lives would have been precipitated one mile to the bottom of the shaft. The cable attached to the cage broke and the men dropped 1,400 feet before the safety clutches worked. Several men sustained minor injuries, but none were seriously hurt.

The Tubbs Case. The attorneys for the Tubbs trio, recently convicted in Charlotte, say that they will move for a new trial and will probably ask for a change of venue. They will fight the case to the last court and will insist that Charles and Levi Tubbs, uncle and father of the convicted son, George Tubbs, be given a trial this term, or that they be released on bail.

STATE NEWS CONDENSED.

The body of Leon Smith, of Ionia, who was drowned last December, was recovered from Grand river Friday.

E. K. Warren has donated over 100 acres of land for free parks in five townships of Berrien county. The land borders on Lake Michigan.

The 2-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Jardo, residing nine miles east of Bay City, was burned nearly to a crisp while playing with a brush fire. Louise, a Houghton product, and the biggest boy on earth, has joined a circus. He is 19 years old, 7 feet 8 inches high and weighs 370 pounds.

Andrew Carnegie has presented Hope College, Holland, with \$20,000. He asks the college to add \$20,000 in addition to his sum to the endowment fund. Marcus Graff, of Newport, a German farmer, shot himself twice in the right side, his body being found in his barn. His wife left him six weeks ago with five small children.

William Davy, a young man, living southwest of Farwell, while helping his father and uncle pull stumps, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. He was standing between the two men.

Ray Walker, of St. Joseph, has disappeared, and his friends think he has committed suicide. He has been dependant of late over his wife's poor health, and has been heard to make some queer remarks.

Fred Matteson, aged 28, employed by the Mass Consolidated Mining Co., at Mass City, was kicked and killed by his horse, which he was attempting to take home from pasture. A widow and child survive him.

The committees having in charge arrangements for the dedication of Ingham county's new county building have planned the formal opening for Tuesday, May 9. Speakers of note will be present, including Gov. Warner.

A. Gniotwski, proprietor of a saloon and boarding house in Menominee, walked out of his place on April 9, telling his wife that he was going out to attend to some business matters, and has not been seen since.

While George E. Chapin, of Verona, was on his way to an insurance office to have his barn insured, it was struck by lightning and destroyed. He took out a policy on his residence and went home to view the ruins of his barn.

TROUBLES IN THE EAST

RUSSIAN HOPE CENTERS ON JUNCTION OF THEIR FLEETS FOR BATTLE.

OYAMA ACTIVELY PRESSING THE RIGHT OF THE RUSSIANS ALONG THE LIAO.

A CONSPIRACY AGAINST BRAZIL WITH HEADQUARTERS IN MADRID.

Admiral Nebogatoff's junction with Vice-Admiral Rojestvensky is now considered by the Russian admiralty as practically assured, and hope for a successful issue in the approaching struggle for mastery of the sea is greatly encouraged thereby. If the fleet reaches Vladivostok intact, however, naval officers claim that victory is won. Although there is a little more than 100,000 tons of coal at Vladivostok, with the reinforcement of the fleet by the Gromoboi, Rossia and Bogatyr and the torpedo boats and submarines now in the harbor there, they claim that Rojestvensky could drive Togo off the sea and leave Field Marshal Oyama's army stranded in Manchuria. Simultaneously with the increasing tension over the approach of a sea battle, comes news that Field Marshal Oyama is pressing the Russian light along Liao river, north of Pailkoman, as if he is beginning a general engagement.

Conspiracy Uncovered. Sarrion de Herrera, former king-arm of the Spanish court, has been arrested at the instance of the Brazilian minister in Madrid on the charge of conspiring with others against the government of Brazil. A search of the residence of Senor de Herrera resulted in the discovery of a number of commissions for officers who were to organize an army in the state of Kuanai. The commissions bore the stamp of that state. Documents taken from De Herrera's residence show that organization was proceeding on a vast scale and that nearly 4,000 men had already been recruited in England, 4,000 in France, and 4,000 in Spain, among the last named being included many Spanish reserve officers, some of whom are actually serving as active officers. An ex-revolutionary Spanish captain, who headed the rising in Badajos in 1833, holds a commission of colonel in the future army of Kuanai, and it is stated that he is already receiving pay through an English banking house at which funds are deposited. De Herrera styled himself minister plenipotentiary of Spain for the state of Kuanai. The Brazilian government got wind of the affair and communicated with its minister at Madrid. The Spanish authorities were notified and acted promptly and the arrest of De Herrera followed.

A report comes from Saigon, Cochinchina, that Russian officers are reported to have declared that Admiral Rojestvensky is determined to fight Admiral Togo and will endeavor to annihilate the Japanese squadron or sink with it. Admiral Rojestvensky has given every detail of the coming conflict his particular attention. Togo's flagship will be his objective according to a special plan.

The northern waters of the Sea of Japan, Tsuguri straits and La Perouse straits are illuminated every night by the searchlights of Japanese torpedo boats to prevent the passage of the Vladivostok squadron. Blockade running to Vladivostok has ceased, owing to the vigilance of the Japanese.

Kissed the Army. A touching incident occurred during the Easter celebration at Gushu Pass, Manchuria. After the morning service all the troops in the region around headquarters were drawn up in line before Gen. Linowitch's tent and the commander-in-chief came out, greeted the troops and passed down the line, saluting each and every soldier with a kiss. All the men were much moved and many wept. The incident served to increase their boundless worship of the old, gray leader.

Conger Acquitted. Eugene D. Conger, publisher of the Grand Rapids Herald, was indicted for conspiracy with Lant K. Salsbury and others to obtain a contract for bringing Lake Michigan water to the city by means of building the mayor, common council and board of public works, or some of them. It was claimed on the trial that Salsbury paid Mr. Conger \$10,000 and promised him as much more. For four weeks the trial was on, ending Thursday morning in a verdict of acquittal. It is believed that Conger's acquittal will result in the quashing of the charges of conspiracy and bribery against all persons implicated by Salsbury's "confessions." It has always been claimed that the prosecution had the strongest case against Conger, and for that reason he was twice tried before others were tried. It is believed also that ex-City Clerk Lamoreaux will now change his plea to not guilty in the superior court.

William Plankinton is dead in Milwaukee, Wis., aged 60. Leaves \$15,000,000.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

The bill to add to the Michigan national guard a troop of cavalry, a battery of light artillery and an engineer corps is now before the governor and will soon become a law. Since the days of the civil war the state has never had any militia except infantry, and some of the Spanish war veterans have been enthusiastic in their desire to see a Michigan troop of cavalry.

Rep. Lord's bill, making it compulsory for the banking department to examine every bank in the state at least twice a year, will necessitate taking on one or two new examiners in the department. The bill does not make express provision for additional help, but the commissioner has power to employ such help as he may need, with certain limitations.

The latest figures show that the appropriations for this session will exceed those of two years by about \$250,000. The senate passed Senator Ashley's bill providing that all fees collected by the coroners of Wayne county shall be turned over to the county. Senator Glasgow says that if the senate judiciary committee does not make a report on one of the cigarette bills next week a new measure will be introduced.

Senator Cook has introduced a bill to appropriate \$500 a year for the next two years for the Michigan Poultry association, to be used for premiums on Michigan brood birds. Auditor-General Bradley has refused to honor the warrants drawn by the Wayne county committee for pay for clerks at \$5 a day, claiming that the law allows only \$3 a day.

With the recommendation that it pass, the senate taxation committee reported Rep. Read's bill providing for a tonnage tax on all steam vessels of 15 cents per ton. The joint resolution of Rep. Adams, of Chippewa, proposing an amendment to the constitution, authorizing the judges to disfranchise persons convicted of crime in addition to the regular punishment, was passed by the house.

The senate passed Senator Mortuary's bill providing for the erection of a tuberculosis sanitarium, and a grant of land by the state on which the hospital shall be located. An annual maintenance of \$20,000 is provided for. The house committee on ways and means has cut the Agricultural college appropriation from \$325,000 to \$34,000. The sum of \$55,000 is allowed to rebuild the Welles dormitory, recently destroyed by fire. \$20,000 for livestock development; \$10,000 for barns and \$9,000 for the upper peninsula experimental station.

The bill introduced by Rep. Agens, of Mason, to require contracts for the purchase of goods on the installment plan to be recorded with village, township or city clerks, when the title to such goods remains in the vendor until paid for, was killed in the house. Merchants from all over the state engaging in this class of business had sent in protests to members.

The house committee on agriculture has decided to report favorably on two bills introduced by Rep. Snell, of Wayne. One is to appropriate \$8,000 to remove the Michigan building at the St. Louis exposition to the state fair grounds on Woodward avenue, and the other carries an appropriation of \$5,000 a year for the next two years to be used by the state for premiums for Michigan exhibitors.

The senate elections committee after about an hour, decided by a vote of 4 to 0, Senator Brown not voting, to report favorably on the Ivory Double-Dickinson primary bill. It will not come out of the floor of the senate in the same shape that it was received from the house a month or so ago. Senator Baird's threat to "go the limit" was carried into effect, and the bill was amended to provide for the direct nomination of all state officers. They didn't stop there, but included all city and county officers. It is broader than the Republican platform, it is broader than the bill that passed the house, and doesn't quite meet with the approval of the governor.

NEWS OF THE NATION

BRIBERY STORY OF STARTLING PROPORTIONS COMES FROM ALBANY.

THE CHICAGO STRIKE SEEMS TO BE APPROACHING AN END.

THE MYSTERIOUS COMING AND GOING OF ALLEGED KIDNAPER PAT CROWE.

Votes Came High. A searching investigation, it is said, is promised to be made of reports of such wholesale bribery as has never been dreamed of, even in Albany, in connection with the bill of the Stevens committee, fixing the price of gas in New York city at eighty cents a thousand feet. It is said that it cost the Rockefeller barrel no less than \$600,000 to defeat the Stevens bill and, according to current talk among politicians and lobbyists, the price for a single vote on any measure has been raised during the struggle to \$60,000. According to tradition, the highest price hitherto has been in the neighborhood of \$10,000. One well known lobbyist remarked cynically: "There is some difference after all between a congressional minister and a New York politician. This has been a pretty lively session and there is no denying the fact that there has been a good deal of the Rockefeller money floating around Albany during the last week or two. The only question, however, that I have heard being asked in connection with it, is 'how much?' There has been no reference whatever to 'talent,' and I have not heard of any of it being refused. If this municipal ownership question keeps to the front and spreads to other states with the same effect it has had here, even Rockefeller is liable to have other uses for his rolls than to offer it for missions to people who turn up their noses at it."

The Chicago Strike. It was comparatively quiet in the downtown streets of Chicago Saturday, despite the unabated continuance of the teamsters' strike. There were a few scattered outbreaks, some shooting, and some resultant injuries, but there was a complete absence of the marching crowds that for days followed the wagons of boycotted firms through the streets and seized on every opportunity to attack drivers and wagon guards. Although there have been no positive developments as yet, there is a strong feeling, both on the part of the employers and the strikers, that the worst of the strike has been passed, and that in a few days the streets of the city will be cleared for traffic. Gov. Deneen received a telegram Saturday asking his service as mediator, to select one labor representative and one representative of the Employers' association and to act with them as a committee to investigate the present strike. The telegram was signed by President Shea, of the teamsters' union, and by President Dold, of the Chicago Federation of Labor. Gov. Deneen replied that the suggestion would receive due consideration.

The Omaha Kidnaper. As mysterious as the open report to Omaha Friday night of Pat Crowe, alleged kidnaper of Edward Cudahy, Jr., was Crowe's sudden disappearance Saturday. When Crowe left the office of an Omaha newspaper early in the morning, he remarked that he was going to the home of his brother in Council Bluffs, Ia., but he could not be found there. Chief of Police John J. Donahue declares that Crowe is the most slippery man he has ever had to deal with, at the same time admitting that the fugitive has baffled the efforts of the Omaha police repeatedly. Crowe's acquaintances now say that Crowe often came to Omaha during the four years following the kidnaping of young Cudahy. Both Chief Donahue and Edward Cudahy, father of the boy that was kidnaped, were emphatic in their declarations that Crowe would be tried if found. Edward Cudahy, who paid \$25,000 ransom for the return of his son, declares that he would not sanction leniency if Crowe is guilty of the kidnaping, or do anything to shield him. The police will continue to search for Crowe.

Cassie's Victim. A. B. Spear, cashier of the closed Citizens' Bank of Oberlin, wrecked by Cassie Chadwick loans, in the U. S. district court, entered a plea of guilty to one count of the indictment charging him with making false entries in the bank's books. District Attorney Sullivan recommended that all other indictments against Spear, containing 15 counts, be nolleed. Judge Taylor at once sentenced Spear to seven years' imprisonment in the Ohio penitentiary.

Liquor licenses will this year give Greater New York revenue of \$7,000,000. M. Goebel has just given a novel banquet to some friends in Brussels. He served bread made from grains of wheat found in an Egyptian pyramid and supposed to be 4,000 years old. Tenants in a large flat in Newark, N. J., became possessed of the idea that the flat was haunted owing to strange noises at night. One day a tenant on investigation found that a tramp had taken up his residence in the attic and was the origin of a spook scare lasting over a week. Fire which started in cut-over lands of the Wolverine Cedar & Lumber Co., north of Northland, completely destroyed one of the company's camps and its equipment and ruined 40 acres of standing timber. The loss will be several thousand dollars. Other concerns have had heavy losses from the same cause.

Grain, Etc. Detroit—Wheat—No. 2 red, spot and May, 95c; No. 1, 94c; No. 2, 93c; No. 3, 92c; No. 4, 91c; No. 5, 90c; No. 6, 89c; No. 7, 88c; No. 8, 87c; No. 9, 86c; No. 10, 85c; No. 11, 84c; No. 12, 83c; No. 13, 82c; No. 14, 81c; No. 15, 80c; No. 16, 79c; No. 17, 78c; No. 18, 77c; No. 19, 76c; No. 20, 75c; No. 21, 74c; No. 22, 73c; No. 23, 72c; No. 24, 71c; No. 25, 70c; No. 26, 69c; No. 27, 68c; No. 28, 67c; No. 29, 66c; No. 30, 65c; No. 31, 64c; No. 32, 63c; No. 33, 62c; No. 34, 61c; No. 35, 60c; No. 36, 59c; No. 37, 58c; No. 38, 57c; No. 39, 56c; No. 40, 55c; No. 41, 54c; No. 42, 53c; No. 43, 52c; No. 44, 51c; No. 45, 50c; No. 46, 49c; No. 47, 48c; No. 48, 47c; No. 49, 46c; No. 50, 45c; No. 51, 44c; No. 52, 43c; No. 53, 42c; No. 54, 41c; No. 55, 40c; No. 56, 39c; No. 57, 38c; No. 58, 37c; No. 59, 36c; No. 60, 35c; No. 61, 34c; No. 62, 33c; No. 63, 32c; No. 64, 31c; No. 65, 30c; No. 66, 29c; No. 67, 28c; No. 68, 27c; No. 69, 26c; No. 70, 25c; No. 71, 24c; No. 72, 23c; No. 73, 22c; No. 74, 21c; No. 75, 20c; No. 76, 19c; No. 77, 18c; No. 78, 17c; No. 79, 16c; No. 80, 15c; No. 81, 14c; No. 82, 13c; No. 83, 12c; No. 84, 11c; No. 85, 10c; No. 86, 9c; No. 87, 8c; No. 88, 7c; No. 89, 6c; No. 90, 5c; No. 91, 4c; No. 92, 3c; No. 93, 2c; No. 94, 1c; No. 95, 0c; No. 96, 0c; No. 97, 0c; No. 98, 0c; No. 99, 0c; No. 100, 0c.

AMUSEMENTS IN DETROIT. Week Ending May 18. DETROIT OPERA HOUSE—8, 9, 10, "The Winter's Tale," 11, 12, 13, Wm. Faversham. LYCEUM THEATRE—Quincy Adams Sawyer, Mat. Wed. and Sat. Eve. 10c, 20c, 50c. FAYETTE THEATRE—"Restoration." WHITNEY THEATRE—"Kidnaped in New York." 10c, 15c, 20c, 25c, 30c. TEMPLE THEATRE AND WOODLAND—Afternoon 15c, 10c to 5c; Evening 15c, 10c to 5c. AVENUE THEATRE—Vaudeville—Afternoon 15c, 25c and 50c. Evening 15c, 25c and 50c.

A Murder Mystery.

A murder mystery in which the alleged murderer was identified by means of a deformed little finger was reported to the Kalamazoo police Tuesday morning. Bert Miller, aged 25, who came from Battle Creek about two weeks ago, was found dead in his bed in a back room over a saloon on Rose street. His skull had been crushed in with some rather thin weapon and the bed was soaked with blood. Apparently Miller had been dead eight or nine hours when the case was reported. The room in which Miller's body was found is about 8x10 feet in size, with a low ceiling and very poorly furnished. There was a small opening like a place for a window looking into the hall just over the foot of the bed, but there was no window in this. It was here that the police found a clue which they hoped might reveal the murderer. The door had accumulated deeply on this window ledge and right in the center of this was the imprint of a hand as though some one had leaned over to look down the hall to see if the coast was clear. This hand print showed plainly and the little finger was very clearly defined and crooked. So the police went after a man with a crooked little finger.

Within three hours after the discovery of the murder the police had taken into custody on suspicion an aged man known as Milo Sexton, the husband of the woman of whom Miller rented his room. Developments followed thick and fast then, and it was shown that Sexton was none other than released from Jackson prison after serving 10 years. He made love to the woman under the name of Milo Sexton. She did not learn of his identity until after their marriage and then he threatened her life repeatedly. Mrs. Sexton recently secured an injunction to compel him to leave her undisturbed and she also sent for Bert Miller, who was her nephew, the son of her sister, to live with her for protection. Keep was arrested within a block of the scene of the murder. He had blood on his clothes and there was paint and marks on his boots such as might have been made by climbing a wire trellis, like that leading to the second story of the building in which the murder occurred. The records show that, under the name of Milo Sexton, Keep married the woman December 22, 1904. She

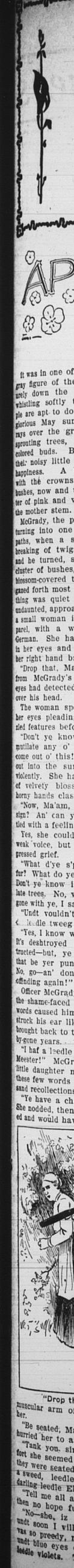
THE MARKETS.

Detroit—Receipts of cattle light. Prime shipping steers were about 10 cents lower than they were a week ago. There were a few fair demands for calves and feeders at strong last week's prices. Milch cows and springers sold 10c and 15c higher than last week. Fat calves did a little better. Fat calves sold as high as \$50, but they had to be extra good. Veal calves were plentiful and of quality none too common. The close they were from \$10 to \$11 per hundred lower than on last Thursday. Culls and cubs, \$4 25 to \$4 55; others, \$4 50 to \$4 75. Hogs—Trade active with heavy lots @ 15c and pigs 20c higher than on last week. Light to good butchers, \$4 50 to \$4 75; pigs, \$3 25 to \$3 50; light Yorkers, \$5 35 to \$5 50; stags, \$3 50 to \$3 75; roughs, \$1 75 to \$2 00; 1-3 cut, \$2 00 to \$2 25; 2-3 cut, \$2 25 to \$2 50; good lambs, \$4 50 to \$5; light to common lambs, \$3 50 to \$4; spring lambs, \$4 50 to \$5; goat butchers sheep, \$3 50 to \$4; culls and cubs, \$2 25 to \$2 50.

Chicago—Good to prime steers, \$4 40 to \$4 55; poor to choice, \$4 15 to \$4 30; stockers and feeders, \$2 75 to \$3; cow, \$2 75 to \$3; heifers, \$2 50 to \$3; calves, \$3 50 to \$4. Hogs—Mixed and butchers, \$5 20 to \$5 35; good to choice heavy, \$5 35 to \$5 50; light to choice heavy, \$5 35 to \$5 50; bulk of sales at \$5 50 to \$5 75. Sheep—Good to choice vealers, \$3 50 to \$4; fair to good, \$3 25 to \$3 50; native lambs, \$3 25 to \$3 50; 2-3 cut, \$2 25 to \$2 50; native lambs, \$3 25 to \$3 50. East Buffalo—Best export steers, \$5 50 to \$6; best 1,200 to 1,500 lb. shipping steers, \$4 50 to \$5; 900 to 1,000 lb. steers, \$4 50 to \$5; 600 to 700 lb. steers, \$4 50 to \$5; good, \$3 25 to \$3 50; trimmers, \$1 50; best fat heifers, \$4 75 to \$5; medium, \$4 25 to \$4 50; common to good, \$3 25 to \$3 50; 7-7 1/2; common to good, \$2 25 to \$2 50; best feeding steers, \$4 25 to \$4 50; best yearlings, \$3 40 to \$3 60; common stockers, \$2 50 to \$2 75; 2-3 cut, \$2 25 to \$2 50; hog, \$3 25 to \$3 50; early good cows steady but the late arrivals 800 to 900 lb. and under, \$2 25 to \$2 50; very dull and dragged; good to extra, \$4 00 to \$4 25; fair to good, \$3 50 to \$3 75; common, \$3 25 to \$3 50; calves, \$3 50 to \$4; 2-3 cut, \$2 25 to \$2 50; common, \$4 25 to \$4 50.

Grain, Etc. Detroit—Wheat—No. 2 red, spot and May, 95c; No. 1, 94c; No. 2, 93c; No. 3, 92c; No. 4, 91c; No. 5, 90c; No. 6, 89c; No. 7, 88c; No. 8, 87c; No. 9, 86c; No. 10, 85c; No. 11, 84c; No. 12, 83c; No. 13, 82c; No. 14, 81c; No. 15, 80c; No. 16, 79c; No. 17, 78c; No. 18, 77c; No. 19, 76c; No. 20, 75c; No. 21, 74c; No. 22, 73c; No. 23, 72c; No. 24, 71c; No. 25, 70c; No. 26, 69c; No. 27, 68c; No. 28, 67c; No. 29, 66c; No. 30, 65c; No. 31, 64c; No. 32, 63c; No. 33, 62c; No. 34, 61c; No. 35, 60c; No. 36, 59c; No. 37, 58c; No. 38, 57c; No. 39, 56c; No. 40, 55c; No. 41, 54c; No. 42, 53c; No. 43, 52c; No. 44, 51c; No. 45, 50c; No. 46, 49c; No. 47, 48c; No. 48, 47c; No. 49, 46c; No. 50, 45c; No. 51, 44c; No. 52, 43c; No. 53, 42c; No. 54, 41c; No. 55, 40c; No. 56, 39c; No. 57, 38c; No. 58, 37c; No. 59, 36c; No. 60, 35c; No. 61, 34c; No. 62, 33c; No. 63, 32c; No. 64, 31c; No. 65, 30c; No. 66, 29c; No. 67, 28c; No. 68, 27c; No. 69, 26c; No. 70, 25c; No. 71, 24c; No. 72, 23c; No. 73, 22c; No. 74, 21c; No. 75, 20c; No. 76, 19c; No. 77, 18c; No. 78, 17c; No. 79, 16c; No. 80, 15c; No. 81, 14c; No. 82, 13c; No. 83, 12c; No. 84, 11c; No. 85, 10c; No. 86, 9c; No. 87, 8c; No. 88, 7c; No. 89, 6c; No. 90, 5c; No. 91, 4c; No. 92, 3c; No. 93, 2c; No. 94, 1c; No. 95, 0c; No. 96, 0c; No. 97, 0c; No. 98, 0c; No. 99, 0c; No. 100, 0c.

Owing to the absence of two members of the board at the special meeting of the trustees of the Michigan insane asylum, Saturday, no successor to Dr. Edwards was appointed.



Safe Home

Sun, moon and stars shall fade away,
And time and sense shall be no more;
The solid rocks shall melt one day,
And chaos reign as it hath of yore.
Then we shall be with the loved of earth.

Far from these scenes of toll and pain;
Shall know a glorious second birth—
Immortal life, infinite gain!

And we rejoicing with the best
Shall learn, what now seems so obscure,
Was truly and forever best.
For those whose love could all endure,
Oh, loved in life, oh, loved and lost!
We shall be glad, with trials past,
In God's great city—where'er the cost—
To shout with thee, "Safe Home!" at last.

—Oscar B. Smith

APPLE BLOSSOMS

BY JULIUS H. HERRMANN

(Copyright, 1905, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

It was in one of our city parks. The gray figure of the guard moved leisurely down the main gravel path, and he whistled softly to himself, as people are apt to do when at leisure. A glorious May sun was shedding its rays over the green lawns and the budding trees, with their various, colored buds. Birds were chirping their noisy little song of spring and happiness. A balmy wind played with the crowns of the trees and bushes, now and then shaking a cluster of pink and white blossoms from the mother stem.

her up—mine Gott! She was mine hope, mine joy. My life was one of hart work—of sorrow—but ven I returns home at night—ven mine pet's leedle white arms was apoud mine neck, den I was happy, for in dat baby's smile vas der gift to gif me strength. Now she has nod smiled for so many days, she has grown so thin—so leedle iz her face undt dose beeg eyes look so sad—undt I know dat soon dey vill closd—undt I vill haf to lay her away!"—the woman sobbed. McGrady felt queer, so he coughed several times.

"I haf nod seen dat sweet angel smile so long—undt I long so to see id



Wept.

voice—only once more!—Dat smile had somedings in id, which could make von better—id vas like Heaven to me, I know. So sweed, so goodt, so shentle—id vas like a sunny landscape—id vas Spring—id vas Gott! Id vas a poor voman's only pleasure! I know she iz going to die soon—undt von thought it's unpearable—to tink, dat she vill leave me mit dat sad, leedle face. I vish, dat she vould smile vonce more—or die mit a last, sweed smile on her lips. Elsa, mine leedle blondt angel, always liked apple blossoms—undt dat made me tink, dat maybe if I could bring her a leedle—shust a leedle sbray of apple plossoms—maybe—dat smile vould come pack vonce more—maybe!"

McGrady sat silent, his eyes with a far-away look in them. He was a stern man, yet he somehow felt as though he were the culprit. No one knew, or ever found out, that he had a vision then and there.

A green country church-yard, 'neath the clear sun of old Ireland—a small grave, covered with green, where his own little darling had found her resting-place. He thought, he heard a thin, childish voice speaking to him, urging him on to one good, kind act. That this one act of gentleness might lessen his own grief, lighten the burden that rested upon him.

That grim, sordid, old heart melted within him. He arose and presently returned with that one, wonderful bough of sweet, pink blossoms.

"Ma'am!" he ventured to say, then he dropped the branch of perfume in the woman's lap. "Don't speak of thankin' me—I don't deserve it—an'—an' hasten home to yer darlin'—an'—an' if ye should get home—Heaven grant, that yer little angel may get well again! I—I vish though—that ye'd come once more, jes' to let me know if that child smiled again. I'm an old man—an' many a year has passed since I saw my baby's last smile." The woman hastily arose and hurried away.

And McGrady? One noisy sparrow told the other with wonder, that the old, grizzled fellow, whom they feared so much, wept. This may only be gossp, though, for—I saw the guard a moment later—and he walked erect and with a lighter step.

In Colonial Times.
New Hampshire state records for April, 1772: His excellency intends to go in mourning on Sunday next, April 12, on the occasion of the death of her royal highness, the princess dowager of Wales. The ladies and gentlemen in town generally propose going into mourning on Sunday.

He Thought Otherwise.
The Manager—The trouble with you was that you are lacking in application. The Actor—Oh, I don't know. I've applied to every manager in town.

DURING THE TULIP MANIA.

Immense Sum Paid for Monstrosity Among Flowers.

The prices paid for a new variety of rose recently in Paris, when single buds sold for thousands of francs, recall the high figures which tulips once fetched. In Holland in one year the sales aggregated 10,000,000 florins. Holland went tulip mad. The bulbs were quoted on the stock exchange. Ownership in them was divided into shares. Speculators sold them short. At one time more tulips were sold than existed. At Lille a brewer sold his trade and goodwill in exchange for a bulb, which was thereafter known as the brewery tulip. In Amsterdam a father gave one by way of dower with his child. Thereafter the variety was known as the marriage-of-my-daughter. At Rotterdam a hungry sailor, happening on a few mistook them for onions and ate them up. The report became as famous as Cleopatra's pearls and probably exceeded it in cost. At The Hague a poor fellow managed to raise a black tulip. The rumor of that vegetable marvel spread. Presently he was visited by a deputation from the syndicate. For that ewe lamb of his the deputation offered 1,000 florins, which he refused. He was offered 10,000 florins. Still he refused. Cascades of gold were poured before his resisting eyes. Finally, tormented and tempted, he succumbed. There and then the deputation trampled that tulip under their feet. Aftward it appeared that the syndicate had already grown a gem precisely similar, and, unable to bear the idea that a rival existed, had authorized the deputation if needful to offer ten times the amount which it paid.

WANTED NO MORE INSURANCE.

Company's Methods Did Not Appeal to Farmer.

An old farmer former had his farm-house insured for £1,000. The house was burned. The insurance company had reserved the right to replace the house instead of paying the money.

The agent, having this in mind, said to the farmer: "We'll put you up a better house than the one you had for £600."

"Nein!" said the farmer, emphatically. "I vill haf my one thousand pounds or notings! Dot house could not be built again foreven a thousand."

"Oh, yes, it could," said the insurance man. "It was an old house. It doesn't cost so much to build houses nowadays. A six hundred pound new house would be a lot bigger and better than the old one."

Some months later the insurance man rode up again to the farmer's place.

"Just thought I'd stop while I was up here," he said, "to see if you wanted to take out a little insurance."

"I got notings to insure," said the farmer—"notings but my wife."

"Well, then," said the insurance man, "insure her."

"Nein!" said the farmer, with determination. "If she die, you come out here and say, 'I not gif you one thousand pounds. I get you another and a better wife for six hundred.'" No, sir, I dakes no more insurance out!"—Exchange.

The Oyster's Mother.
The story was told one night to me at the Malacologic Society. By an old professor in lore profound. Aneent the queen of the dredging ground. For years he had studied the mollusk class. And his wise conclusion had been: alas! That, whether the months had an it or not.

"The oyster's ma doesn't care one jot. She give." "The oyster's ma," said the whiskered sage. "Is the laziest female in this swift age. She has many children—she calls them 'spat.' And is never concerned just where they're at."

Though they're her congenial flesh and blood— So to speak—as a mother, her name is 'Aid. And she is, I am perfectly satisfied, Precursor of all race suicide.

The oyster's maternal relative To a waiting world would have much to give. If she raised her kin in the proper way, Instead of letting them fall a prey To the cannibal fish that saunter by. And love soft things when they don't come high. For, of sixteen millions of bivalves small A lonesome dozen is saved—that's all.

Advantage of Thinning

The advantages of thinning fruit are many, but the increased commercial value of the remainder is the principal thing. The man that picks off three-fourths of his peaches while they are still as small as cherries thereby insures a large crop of good-sized fruit. Good-sized fruit sells at a higher price than small-sized fruit, always. This is a factor that many fruit growers forget, because all must have noticed it. We doubt if small fruit ever sells at a good price, no matter how much there is of it on the market.

J. H. Hale, the most noted peach grower in this country, tells how his Connecticut neighbors wondered when they saw him picking off the major portion of his first peach crop. They shook their heads and wondered at the absurd proceedings of the man who had peculiar views about peach growing. But that season, when his peaches brought in over \$10,000, they changed their minds. Since that time the thinning of peaches has been popular with the most progressive peach growers.

The thinning of peaches or any fruit must be conducted with judgment. It is not by any means advisable to thin every tree regardless of how much fruit it carries. Some trees set so little fruit that all can be ripened without overtaxing the tree or without producing under-sized fruit.

Some charge up the cost of thinning as an extra expense on the orchard. But anyone that has gathered fruit knows that fruit gathering is a slow task, especially with fruit that has to be handled as carefully as does the peach. The picking off of the small green peaches at thinning time removes the necessity of picking off many of these same peaches later.

When they are thinned they are simply pinched off and allowed to fall on the ground, while later, if allowed to ripen, they must be put carefully into baskets. The expense of time in pinching off a small peach is only a fraction of that required in gathering the same peach when it is ripe enough for market.

Of course there is an offset in the fact that some of the young peaches would be switched off by the wind later, but in the main it may be stated that no more labor is required to thin peaches and gather the remainder when ripe than to gather the harvest that results without thinning.

Flowers

Of all refining influences, flowers perhaps have the greatest, and, considering everything, they are the cheapest and most endearing. Their influence is far reaching and lasting. Flower lovers have a fellowship with each other, no matter how far removed from each other they may reside.

Pot plants are very nice, and very endearing to all who grow them, but it is of the outdoor flowers that I wish to speak. We will suppose there is time and space for but few, say two beds, and while a large group of the same sort of flowers is most pleasing, yet where time and space is limited, I would not restrict myself to two varieties; dianthus pinks, if kept growing thriftily, will soon bloom from seed, and a mixed packet of seed will give a nice bed of bloom until hard frosts come. The pinks may be edged with verbenas, and in the bed sow poppy seed early. These will bloom and be most out of the way by the time the pink and verbenas are doing their best.

Asters are an indispensable to those who grow many flowers, but the season of bloom is too late for the restricted time and space, so in the other bed we will advise dwarf nasturtiums and bedding petunias; a few should be of mixed varieties. A few marigolds and zinnias will be nice in the center of the bed, then the 'strutiums, then the petunias.

This bed should be deep and mellow, but rather sandy than rich; the bed for the pinks and verbenas should be deep and mellow, too, but it should also be rich.

When the seeds are planted be sure to firm the soil well over them and keep the seed bed moist; thin plants early in the morning on a cool broad-leaved plant, and covered his body with his delicate lace-like wings, which looked like a transparent roof.

It was a glorious day in July; bright, brilliant sunshine, clear blue sky flecked with little white clouds, and a delicious breeze, which made the plant on which the ant-lion rest-

ed wave gently to and fro in the soft, balmy air, giving a soothing, sleepy feeling.

But when the sunset appeared with its glorious tints and colors, the ant-lion roused himself and flew slowly about in search of food. Not being able to find much in the way of tree spiders or tree wasps, he looked around, finally selected a dry, sandy spot, and set to work to make a pitfall for any unwary ants that might happen to come that way.

In the first place, he slowly and carefully traced out a circle to define the outer limit of his pit. Then, going inside the circle, he buried the lower part of his body completely in the sand, and set to work in real earnest. Using one of his forelegs as a shovel, he heaped a small quantity of sand on to his large flat head, and giving his head a sudden jerk sent the sand out over the border. This process was repeated over and over again with wonderful patience and method, until he reached the center of the cavity, always working himself slowly backwards.

As he always took the sand from the inner side, he was obliged to use the leg that was nearest, which made it very tired and stiff. So, every now and then, in order to give the leg that had been working so hard a little relief, the ant-lion would turn around and go the other way, resting his tired leg, and using the other for a time, until that was also used up, and then he would turn again, and go on as before.

It was hard work, and the pit took some time to make, but the ant-lion only rested a few minutes at a time until he had completely finished his work of excavation. By that time the pit was shaped like the mouth of a funnel, wide at the top and narrowing towards the bottom. It was about three inches wide and two inches deep, and to the casual observer it was nothing but a small depression in the sand.

But at the bottom of the pit, buried in the sand, with only his antennae and the tips of his mandibles showing, the ant-lion was waiting—waiting patiently until some poor, unwary, little creature should come that way and be so foolish and unsuspecting as to venture near the edge of that perilous little pit. He had not to wait so very long, for near by there was a colony of ants, which the ant-lion knew quite well, and, after awhile, first two or three wandered out, then a dozen or so, and finally some hundreds.

The first few looked at the pit and passed by, then one unwary one climbed to the top, rested just a second, and slid down the loose sloping sides of the pit into the very jaws of the ant-lion. The pincer-like jaws seized him instantly. Then, when the ant-lion had reduced the body to a mere shell, he put it on his head, gave his head a jerk, and throwing the little carcass outside the pit, settled himself as before, with just his antennae and mandibles projecting, and waited for the next one.

He was not quite so successful, however, with this one, for in some way or another, the little victim escaped the cruel jaws and scuttled around the pit hurriedly, looking for a way to escape. But the loose sand was difficult to climb, and the ant-lion had another and more clever device when the first one failed, as it did occasionally.

As the ant ran around and around the pit, and attempted to climb the sides, the ant-lion threw up sand with his head, so that every time the ant got the least little way up the loose sides, he got covered with sand, and the weight of it dragged him back again. In vain he tried to throw it off; no sooner had he shaken himself free of one lot than another covered him, until at last, overpowered by the weight and exertion, he drew closer and closer to his enemy. Then the cruel pincers caught him, and his body was thrown aside like the first one.

When the ant-lion had had a good feed, there was quite a number of tiny bodies outside his pitfall, mostly the bodies of ants, but there were one or two small beetles, a spider, two flies and a bee. To this little collection presently there came some other ants, who, after looking at the bodies, went away and after awhile returned with several other ants. These ants, in turn, also went away and brought back others, until the sand around and about the ant-lion's pitfall became quite dark with their small bodies.

After some time, not only hundreds of ants had assembled, but thousands and thousands, and these thousands gradually surrounded the trap of the ant-lion, made their way in a body to the top of the pit, and then, without the least warning, there was a sudden avalanche of sand and ants which went on and on, until not only was the ant-lion buried in his own pit, but the pit was filled up to the very brim.

A good number of the ants themselves had been sacrificed, but the larger number had crawled out, leaving the sand to bury the ant-lion in the very same way that he had tried to bury their companions. In vain he tried to burrow his way out; his tiny enemies were too much for him, and heaped piles and piles of sand upon him until he was suffocated in the very pitfall that he had planned and made for their destruction.

The ant-lion was caught in his own pitfall, which only goes to prove the old proverb to the effect "that large numbers of small things will overcome a large one."—Ellen Velin in The Little Chronicle.

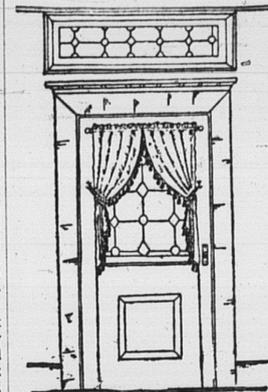
It is not a bad thing for a man to know something about shoeing horses, even if he does not expect to shoe horses himself. It will pay the farmer boy in the agricultural college to take a part of the course in blacksmithing.

For feeding purposes do not select a steer that is "patchy."

EFFECTIVE DRAPERY FOR DOOR.

Neat and Easily Removed When Necessary.

Much has been said about all kind of interior decorations, but little has been said about the treatment of outside doors and transoms. These two points are treated in many different ways. Some prefer one way and some another, but the most practical way is to use the "frame," which is finished the same color as the inside wood-work. It is the neatest and it can easily be taken off in order to clean the glass. The accompanying design shows a door and transom treatment which is well adapted to the colonial or bungalow style of architecture. The stained glass or leaded glass effect is a new material now upon the market;



Door Drapery Design.

It comes in the original stained glass colorings and in the solid Arabian color. It is sold by the yard and in all sorts of art-glass patterns. When used for a door panel the material is stretched tight across the frame and overdraped with silk, as seen in the illustration. Door panels made up with center pieces in them are as popular as ever.—Will J. Rudesill in Los Angeles Times.

The Hanging Jars.

A very neat scheme, having for its object the utilization of all the space in the kitchen closet, has been recently placed on the market in the shape of hanging jars which are designed to occupy the space under the shelves and in this manner making use of both sides of the shelves available and nearly doubling their storage capacity. These are designed for such materials as rice, sugar, salt, coffee and similar commodities. The additional advantage of this scheme, besides the economy of space, is that the contents are protected from moisture, dust and insects.

There are several sizes of these jars and two styles of fixtures—one by one the jar is suspended from the under side of the shelf and the other by which it is hung on the wall. To fill them, the jars are removed and turned upside down which brings the mouth to the top. The metal head is then unscrewed in the same manner as that of a preserve jar, and thus it is filled. The top is fitted with a valve operated by a knob, and when the jar is replaced the contents will flow therefrom by their own weight, when the valve is manipulated by means of the handle. The work of filling one receptacle is done as a sugar bowl or saltceller is done without exposing the contents of the jar to the contaminating action of the air of the kitchen.

Double-Decked Clothes-Hanger.

Still another change has been wrought on the ever-present coat hanger, adapting it, in the opinion of the inventor, to a multiplicity of uses which in actual practice are never realized. In addition to the familiar hanger with shoulder pieces, there is a second shoulder piece depending from the first. This design has the merit of permitting the utilization of closet space to better advantage, as the height of the closet is rarely filled, while the depth is always crowded. Another feature is the wire support across the lower shoulder piece, intended for use as a trouser support.

Mint Jelly.

Prepare the mint juice by washing a cup of mint leaves, adding to them a cup of boiling water and letting them steep for one hour. Cover a bowl with cheese cloth, pour the leaves and water on this, then roll up the cloth tightly and press out all the juice. The resulting dark green mixture will give the jelly the desired color. Make a clear apple jelly in the usual way, and to each cup of the strained juice add, before adding the sugar, a tablespoonful of mint juice. Turn into glasses. It will be a lovely green color.

Scotch Cake.

Cream together a half-pound of saltless butter and a quarter-pound of sugar. When smooth work it with the hands into a pound of flour. This is a difficult task, but can be accomplished. Knead for a long time; turn out upon a pastry board and press into a flat sheet a half-inch thick. Cut into squares and bake until light brown and crisp.

Pickled Pumpkin Rind.

Peel the pumpkin, scraping out all the pulp and seeds. Cut into pieces of uniform size. Boil the rind in slightly salted water until tender, but not mushy. Drain and lay on a platter while you bring to a boil vinegar, adding sugar to suit the taste, and whole spices. Pack the rind in jars and pour over all the spiced vinegar.

Geese and Potato Bugs.

A man that used to keep geese tells the Farmers' Review that he found them a great help in destroying potato bugs. They would walk down between the rows of potatoes picking off the bugs on each side. They ate a good many worms during the day, but were not entirely thorough in their work.



A Well-Cared For Flock.

One of the best-cared for flocks of hens of which we know is owned by Frank A. Windes, of Winnetka, Illinois. Mr. Windes had 25 hens at the beginning of 1904 and now has 30. His egg returns last year were by months as follows: January, 24; February, 80; March, 322; April, 494; May, 371; June, 458; July, 263; August, 260; September, 222; October, 92; November, 115; December, 76; total, 2,787. During this year so far the returns have been: January, 194; February, 299; March, 654; April (first nine days), 211; total, 1,358. Total for both periods, 4,145.

Two-thirds of the fowls are Banded Plymouth Rocks; these laid during the winter. The other third consist of Rose Comb Black Minorcas, and these are doing most of the laying now. Between the two breeds Mr. Windes gets eggs most of the time. Mr. Windes says:

"When I first began to raise poultry I had a hen house that I was keeping my hens in during 1903. On that account I got no eggs in November or December of that year. 'The fowls were lousy and that is perhaps one reason why the egg yield failed entirely. Before the beginning of 1904 I had my new house built, and the fowls were receiving better care. The result was that I got 24 eggs in January, but my flock had not then really begun to feel the effect of the improved housing and better care. The real effects can be seen by comparing the egg returns for the first three months in 1904 with the first three months in 1905. During that period in 1904 a total of 436 eggs was received. During the like period this year the number of eggs received was 1,147. There was an increase of five hens, twenty per cent. Increasing the egg yield for the first quarter of 1905 year by twenty per cent we have, against 1,147 the first quarter of this year. It is seen that the yield is more than double. During the first quarter of this year my profits were over \$16.00, and the expenses included a \$12.00 bone cutter."

With one exception I have not lost a hen from any cause since I began to give them good attention. I have of course lost some young chicks. I find the bone cutter a great help in my feeding operations, and the bone does not cost more than ten cents a week. The other feed consists mostly of wheat, oats and some cut clover, which I mix up with table scraps and the like.

I bought 200 head of cabbages last fall and these proved a great source of green food for the hens during the winter. Since purchasing my bone cutter, I have been grinding up the cabbages in the cutter. Most of the corn the fowls get is given on the ear. I tie an ear of corn to a string and suspend it so they will have to work to get the kernels. If I have some loose corn left I scatter it in chaff so the hens cannot get it too easily. I do not believe in feeding corn largely and my fowls do not get over three bushels during the year.

"I clean out the hen house about once in two weeks, which is often enough under most conditions. I bought a 50-cent kerosene spray pump, and with it I spray the roosts and nests. I also spray the hens when they are on the roosts, using for the spraying liquid an emulsion of one part of kerosene to four parts of water. The nest are all of earth and have a little straw in them. These nests slope so it will be easy to get out the old straw and put in new. For the nests I use clay, mixing some lime with it. I use about a handful of lime to two nests, and cover the combination with a little straw.

"With everything arranged properly, it does not take much time each day to care for poultry. I use about ten minutes morning and night. I plan to give the fowls plenty of water, and keep oyster shells before them all the time in addition to grit and cut bone. These latter are fed in a hopper having three compartments.

"I have not been able to find a mite or louse since I built my new house a little over a year ago. The roosts are all movable, and this makes it easy to keep them in a sanitary condition. I try to keep the hen house warm in winter and to help in doing this I used some old mesh wire, putting straw between the uprights and holding it in place by the wire. Not one of my hens got a frosted comb last winter.

"I ventilate my house by means of a trap door in the floor which is open except in the cold nights of winter. I think the ventilation is not yet perfect and I am planning other improvements in this line.

"I find that the best bone to use is beef bone. Mutton bones silver, and hog bones contain too much fat on them. The best beef bones are the sections of the backbone, as they have some blood in them; the hens like that kind best. I think I will have some trouble in keeping the bone grinder clean in hot weather, but I intend to use enough hot water to at least that end."—Farmers' Review.

Geese and Potato Bugs.

A man that used to keep geese tells the Farmers' Review that he found them a great help in destroying potato bugs. They would walk down between the rows of potatoes picking off the bugs on each side. They ate a good many worms during the day, but were not entirely thorough in their work.

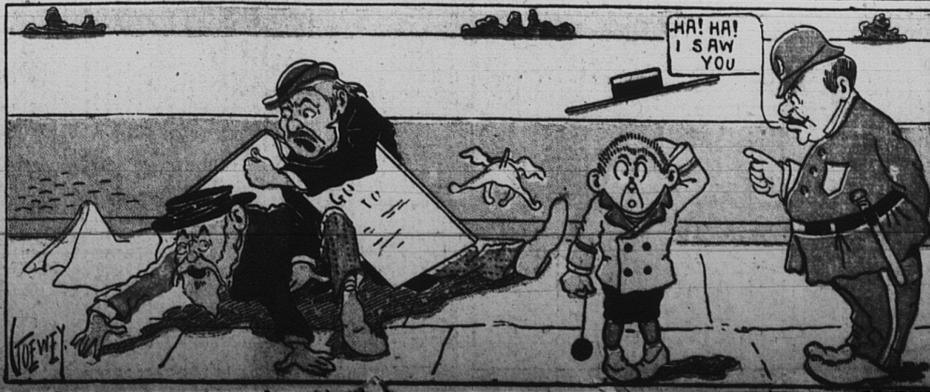
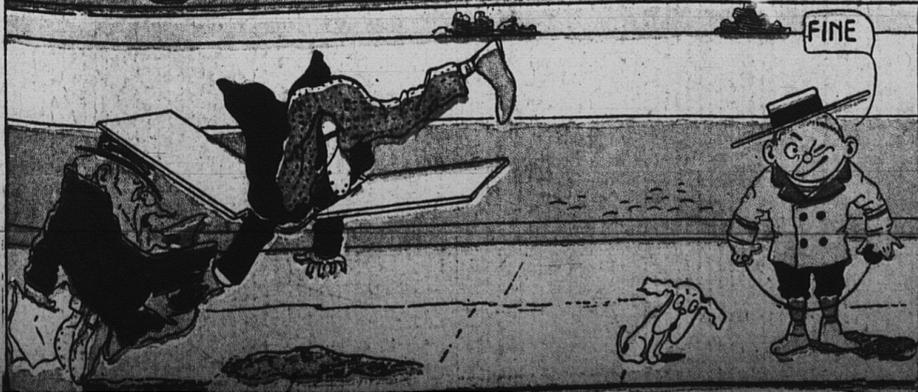
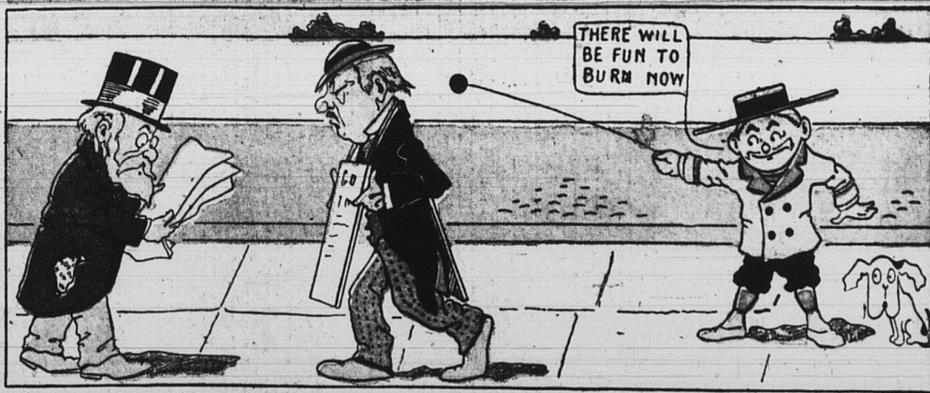
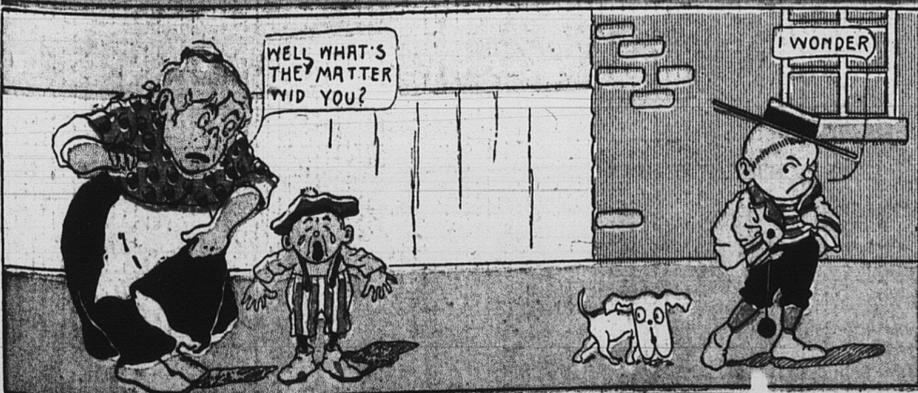
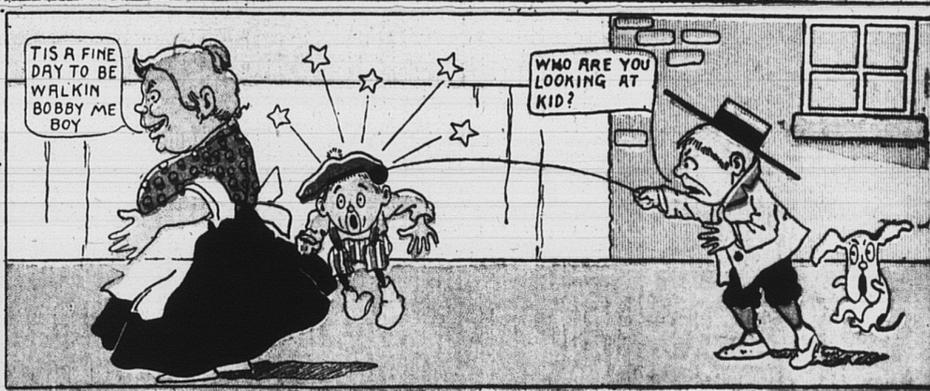
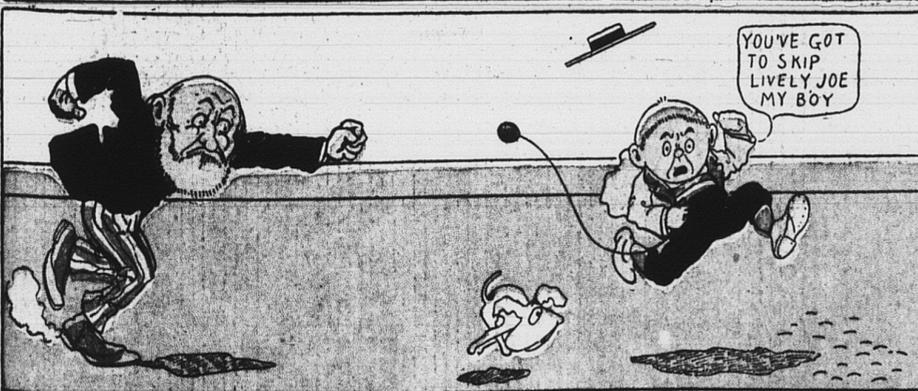
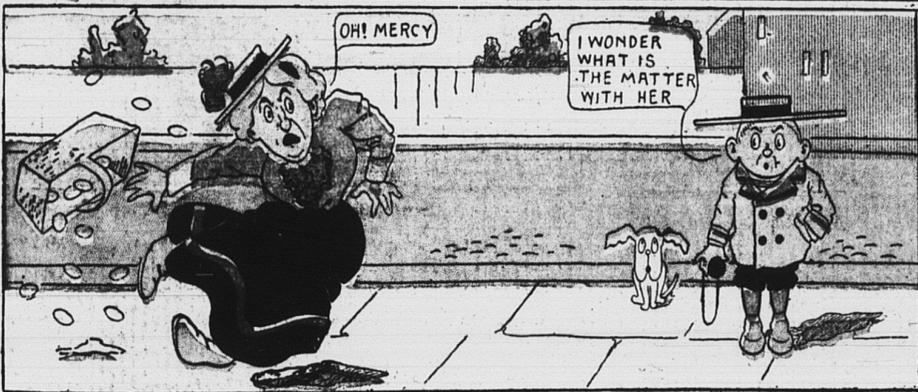
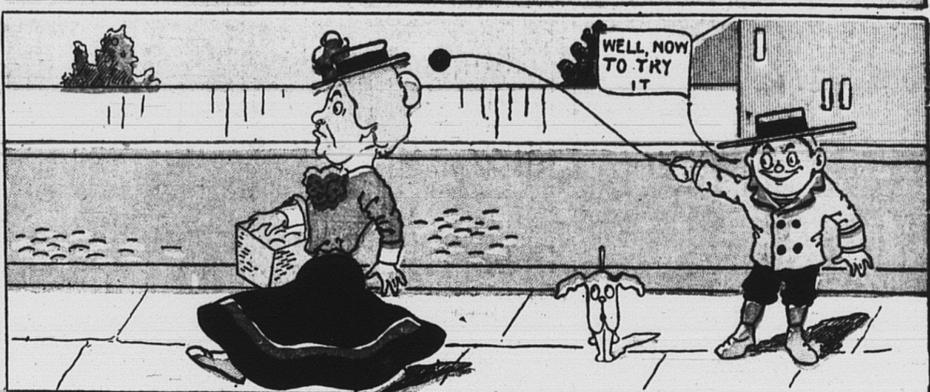
POST NO. 8115

THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

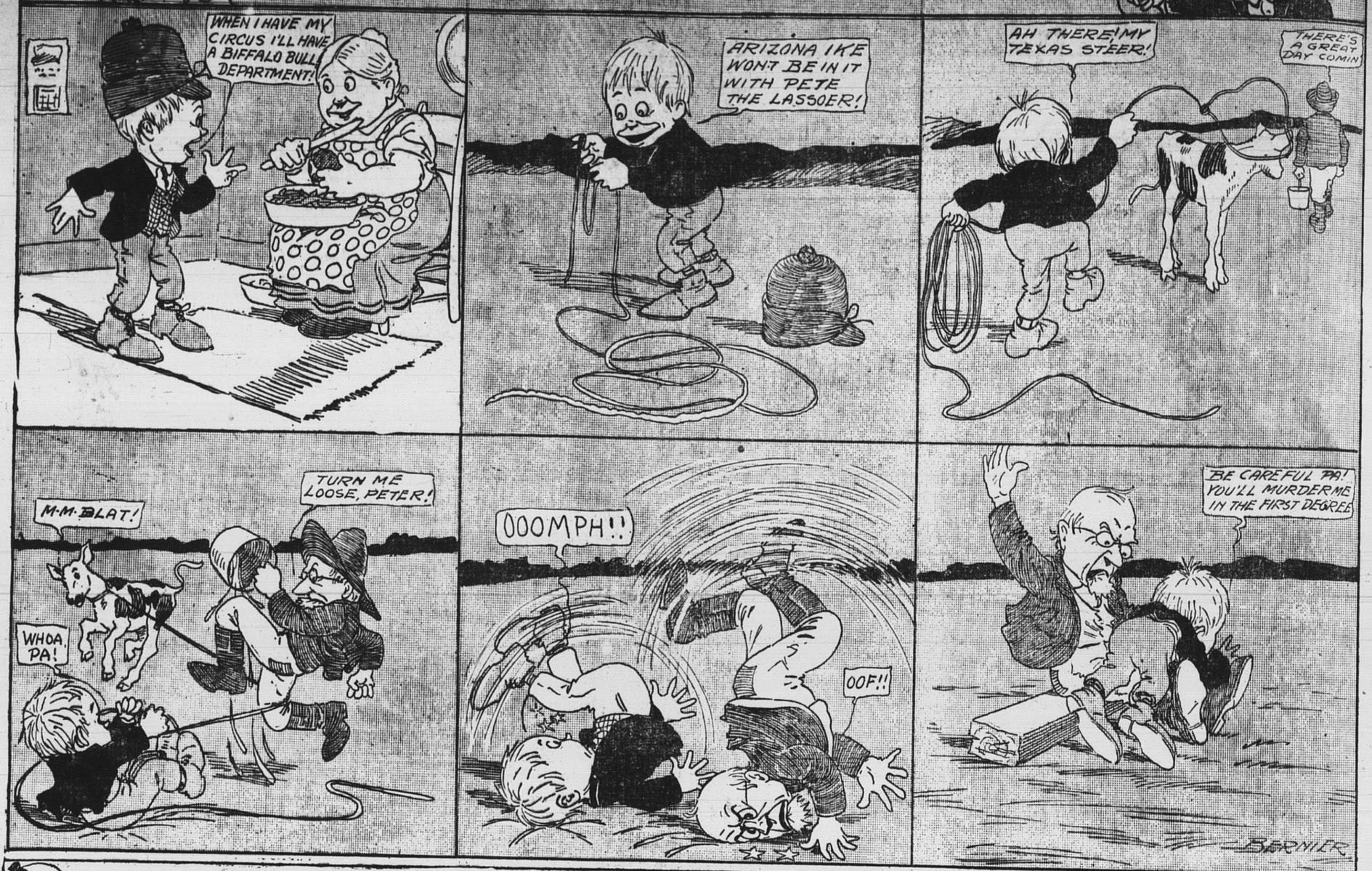
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY.

THURSDAY, MAY 11, 1905.

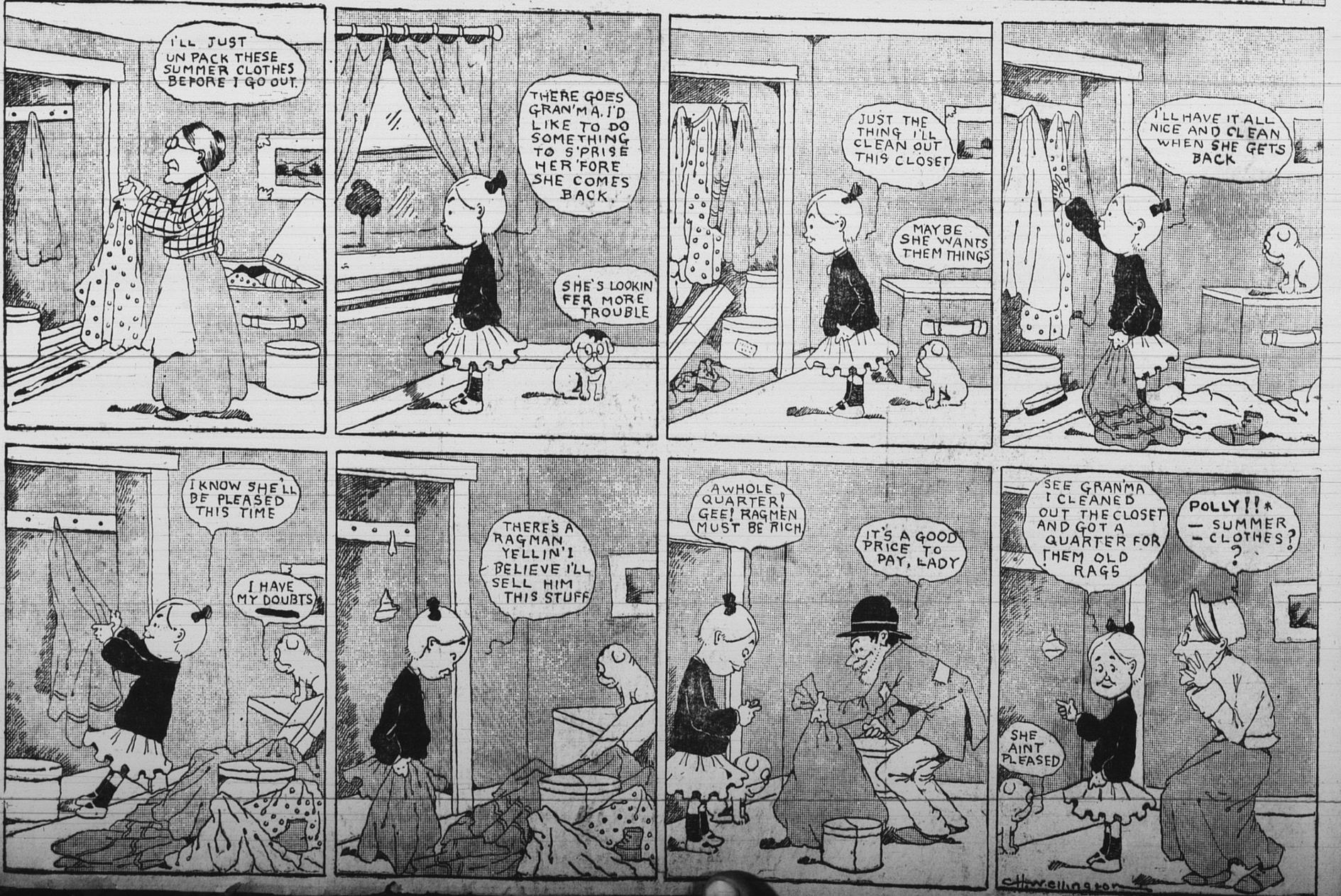
DO YOU REMEMBER YOUR KID DAYS?



PETER BARNUM BOTTS
HE PROVES A REGULAR BUFFALO BILL WITH THE LASSO



GRANDMA'S GIRL
THE LITTLE DARLING CLEANS HOUSE FOR THE OLD LADY.



WHILE the v...
been along...
for quite...
from one tal...
of the entire...
what lengths...
usable fabric...
The counter...
the shops are...
and sheerest...
some of them...
dillon or chi...
called, in bot...
while others a...
ish that remi...
old-time crepe...
Empress Jose...
that she orde...
list of frocks...
were more cos...
proceeds of L...
the court were...
The great de...
in an English...
determine jus...
the lines and...
were already...
of the full sk...
and seasons...
were just mak...
the fashionabl...
attracted favor...
material all...
the shape of...
and a too cling...
For the tallo...
for many of...
the silhou...
Billiana the...
years, is er...
skirt styl...
of fast...
of coat...
material...
For the rat...
extreme sever...
ness—the sh...
is one of...
be selected...
erence, deter...
hold of the v...
not to suit...
These can be...
Then there...
comes, the cov...
one of the ta...
pick, the skirt...
the half inch...
the shiny...
style the w...
the correct m...
made as m...
written just...
and...
For those w...
daily in ever...
gives there...
of all...
of this mod...
is one of...
haunting...
for these...
One such co...
over for the...
bricks, one w...
action to the...
day. One of...
modernish pink...
considered is bu...
and the w...
ray to the w...
is bound...
of the m...
some five str...
three-tiered...
being bound...
of them, and...
pattern...
the puff...
of velvet, and...
reped all...
around...
haec. A...
would hand...
to a chic...
will mak...
to and hav...
the vogue...
is one

FROCKS AND FRILLS.



AN IMPORTED
PARISIAN
MODEL.



SMART
DESIGN
IN WHITE
MOHAIR

AFTER THE
DRESSIER
MODE.



MODISH
SIMPLICITY
IN A SUMMER
FROCK.

WHILE there is no doubt but that the various mohair weaves have been indolently feeling their way along the great highway of fashion for quite some little time, it is only when one takes a comprehensive view of the entire field that it is realized to what lengths this fascinating and fashionable fabric has attained.

The counters of the smart and exclusive shops are piled high with the softest and shiest mohairs and brillianines. Some of them are like the new double crepe or chiffon cloth, as it is oftener called, in both appearance and texture, while others are in a delightful crepe finish that reminds one irresistibly of those old-time crepes de l'Inde in which the Empress Josephine used to drape, crepes that she ordered made up into the simplest of frocks, but which, nevertheless, were more costly than the rich silks and velvets of Lyons, which all the rest of the court were wearing.

The great designers of Paris, when they meet in conclave to "fix the fashions," as an English writer phrased it, likewise determine just what and which of the new materials offered are best suited to the lines and outlines upon which they have already settled. When the vogue of the full skirt was started some several seasons back the mohair weaves were just making their appearance upon the fashionable horizon, and they at once attracted favorable attention. Here was a material that had all the softness as well as all the wiriness required to hold the shape of a very full skirt without undue weight on the one hand, and without a too clinging softness upon the other. For the tailor-made costume that must be ready for many and various occasions, the silky mohair, or the coarser brillanine that takes on much of the appearance of a silk canvas of the same color, is eminently adapted. The coat and skirt style is the one that is most favored of fashion, and every class and degree of coat is displayed in this smart material.

For the rather plain tailor-made—the extreme severe style is now more or less abandoned—the short coat with a separate skirt is one of the best designs that can be selected. The exact length is, of course, determined by the style and build of the wearer, and by varying the length to suit the occasion quite a lot of variety can be had from the costume.

Then there are those long-coated costumes, the coat fitted with all the perfection of the tailor's art, the seams straight, the skirt smartly fitted, and clasped all around by at least a half-inch, just displaying the tip of the shiny shoe beneath. With this style the correct neck collar and lapel are often as not a velvet collar and cuff, just the right touch of feminine adornment and dressiness.

For those who lean to the frilly and airy in even their most utilitarian styles, there are the most delightful of all, the modish blouses of some one or another of its many and fascinating guises is a marked favorite for these.

Such costume has just been sent over for the trousseau of a post-Easter bride, one who is about to throw superabundance of the pink, is fashioned into a short bodice with rounded corners. The bodice is built out over the sleeve line, and the little garment comes but half-way to the waistline all around. Every inch is bound with velvet of the exact shade of the mohair, and velvet baby ribbons are strung deep. The skirt is a simple affair, each tier or plance of fabric bound with the velvet in-place of the fashionable elbow length. The sleeve is just caught into an upstanding cuff of velvet, and the whole little jacket is edged all around with cascades of yellowish lace. Anything simpler in design could hardly be imagined, and yet there is a chic and a smartness to the gown that will make every clever dresser want to have one likewise.

The vogue of the pale colorings in dress is one that will not see its full

effect which one would imagine the style to impose is entirely avoided.

Paris is making up some exquisitely simple gowns in white and the pastel tints in mohair that will appeal strongly to the younger generation. There are sun-plaited skirts, these cut a trifle shorter than we have been accustomed to over here, and with two, three or five tucks, folds, or rows of fancy braid above the hem. This little touch of trimming above the hem is one of the late season's manifestations, and it does add quite a little to the set of the skirt.

The tops to these plaited skirts are in short on the chest, and have plaited capes for arm coverings instead of a sleeve. These cape effects are caught in to the side seams of the coat, instead of the armhole.

Others have just the new corselet, with swathed girde with all sorts of suspender fancies that simulate a hold-up for the skirt. Still others have a little blouse cut out deeply at the neck and with a mere apology for a sleeve, the décolletage filled in with gimpé, just the same as the little folks of the nursery wear, but of quite a different degree of elaboration for the grown-ups.

Upon overall, there is nothing that can compare, both for style and service, with the sillenines. With all the sheen and glisten of silk there is an air of luxury and even of extravagance to the best of them, and each and every one of Fashion's fancies are shown in these. For storm coats the waterproof finish is applied, and the more practical of tailored designs make their appearance here.

But it is in the dressiest-of-carriage and auto wraps that they are seen at their best. One recent importation is known as "The Bat," taking its name from the peculiar fashion of the sleeves. This is in a sun-plaited sillenine of a soft almond green, he plaiting starting from a shallow round shoulder yoke, and extending to the hem of the gown. The sleeves, sun-plaited likewise, are so arranged that they are more like capes than sleeves, and start from the side seams of the garment, just long enough



A MODISH
RUNABOUT
SUIT.



A MODISH
HINT
IN MILLINERY.



THE LATEST
THING IN LACE.

Asian tailor making few if any costumes now with a full train.

Smart Design in White Mohair.
The vogue of the lighter tints in mohair is firmly established and this smart wool-texture costume shows a white mohair with military braid and a touch of vivid green velvet for trimming. The coat is in the fitted Eton order, the fronts rounded off prettily with a stitched strap belt. The sleeve is the regulation tailor pattern, a trifle fuller on top than usual, and with an inlay of velvet on the back of the plain cuff. The skirt is laid in plaited gores, each plait stretched down over the hips and then well pressed to the hem.

After the Dressier Mode.
A pretty geranium shade of silky mohair is used for this smart design. The blouse coat has a sunray effect in flat tucks around the shoulders, the fullness bloused prettily into the belt in the front, the back being drawn down snugly. The sleeve is a very dressy puff from shoulder to elbow, finishing there with a big flaring ruffle of the goods, the blouse sleeve showing beneath. The skirt is arranged in gores, each one with an inverted plait, stitched down to knee depth and then flaring from there. The length clears the ground all around and just displays the tip of the shiny black shoes. The hat is a fancy pink crim braid trimmed with big pink California poppies and rosettes of ribbon of the same tint.

Modish Simplicity in a Summer Frock.
There is a chic and smartness to this simple little gown that may be copied readily by even the amateur dressmaker. The little blouse is strapped all around with a Mechlin insertion, the neck cut out and filled in with a chemisette of the same lace. The fastening is in the back and the blouse is dropped into a deep feathered belt of white ribbon finished with little gold buttons and braid in the front. The skirt is shirred to the band, the rows of lace entre deux spaced in two groups at and above the knee; and a full flounce is shirred on for a simple finish.

A Modish Runabout Suit.
For everyday use there is nothing to compare with the sillenine weaves, and when made up after a modish design they are as stylish as they are serviceable. The little plaited Eton is arranged to fall loosely back and front, setting smooth over the shoulders, while the sleeve is just a simple puff to the wrist, where a fancy cuff makes a smart finish. The skirt has a plaited tablier front, and a similar arrangement in the back, a yoke over the hips ensuring smooth fit, and plaited panels filling in the sides. A shirred girde of the sillenine passes around the waist, finishing in a deep point in the front.

A Modish Hint in Millinery.
A very pale blue chip Millainy is cleverly manipulated in this model, the flat round piece being mounted upon a bandeau that is deep in the back, and narrows down to almost nothing in the front. The bandeau is pinched up in the back with smart effect, and the low, flat top is trimmed with a spray of two white roses with dark green velvet foliage. An extremely long and fluffy ostrich plume in white is draped on the hat, the quill end on top, the feather piercing the firm, and brought around the back with the tip curling prettily around the ear. Pale blue velvet ribbon is used in loops and rosettes to fill in the deep bandeau at the back, and the front shows the downward tilt that is considered the mode at the moment.

The Latest Thing in Lace.
The unlined lace coat is one of the newest things for summer wear; and it is worn rather as a finishing touch to the toilette than for any warmth or protection that it might be supposed to afford. The model shows one of the semi-fitted variety, coming but a few inches below the waistline, and so cleverly curved that it suggests rather than reveals the lines of the figure. The sleeves is a full model, loose and puffy, and the skirt is a full model, loose and puffy, and the hem is a full model, loose and puffy.

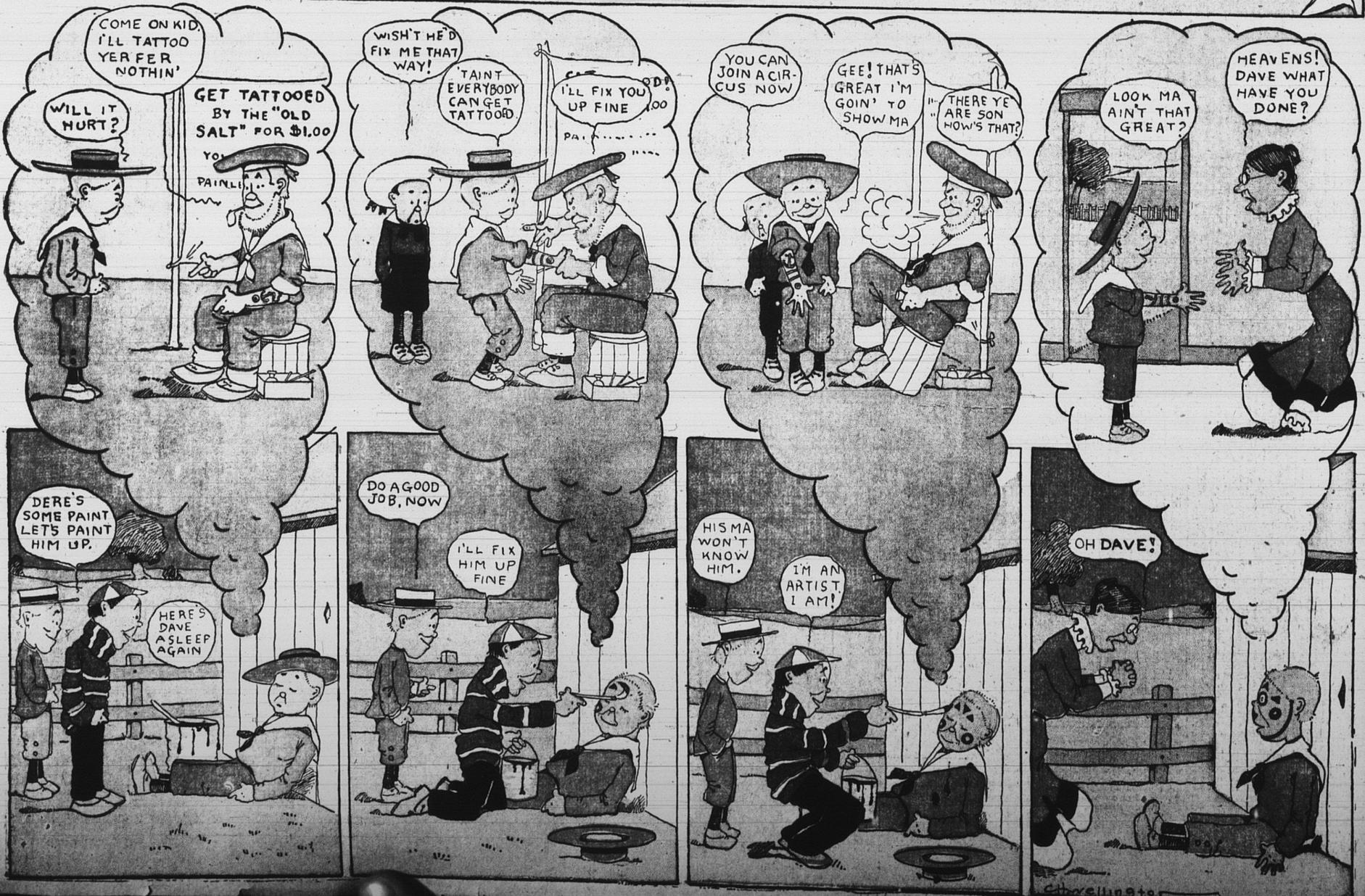
DESCRIPTIONS.

An Imported Parisian Model.
This dainty little Parisian model is shown in a green and blue check mohair. The coat has a vest of white with black braids, the coat turned back after the Continental fashion to reveal the smart belt of black suede that fastens with a laced buckle in the front. The little besques that are attached at the waist line lengthen into a postillion in the back and the sleeve shows all of the fashionable fullness. The skirt is cleverly gored, each gore having two darts inserted below the hip, and the fashionable round

MR. PEST—BOOK AGENT



DREAMY DAVE HE IS TATTOOED BY THE "OLD SALT."



F. P. GLAZIER
W. M. P. SCH...

Chelse
Come an
Remen
ALL
C
Get ou
Chelse
Office,
SPRI
FIN
Our styl
so attracti
spent.
Our pric
You are
new spring

GARL
STO
AN
RAN
The Wor

We are now
to offer excep

Heavy

Also specia

Bring in

Watch
C
Soci
A
Sheet m

CE

Meat

GET
of Bee

Phone 41,
...

Take

an

F. P. GLAZIER, President. O. C. BURKHART, 1st Vice Pres.
 W. M. P. SCHENK, Treasurer. F. H. SWEETLAND, 2d Vice Pres.
 JOHN W. SCHENK, Secretary.

Chelsea Lumber & Produce Co.

Come and see us when you have Grain to sell.

Remember--We carry in stock a full line of
ALL KINDS OF ROOFING.

Clover and Timothy Seed.

Get our prices--we will save you money.

Yours for square dealing and honest weights.

Chelsea Lumber & Produce Co.

Office, corner Main street and M. C. R. R.

SPRING AND SUMMER SHOWING OF FINE MILLIERY

Our styles this season are so varied--so elaborate--so attractive; a visit here will be a happy hour--well spent.

Our prices are reasonable. You are cordially invited to call and inspect our new spring goods.

MILLER SISTERS.

We Offer Special Prices

ON OUR STOCK OF Buggies, Surreys and Driving Wagons.

Our stock of Refrigerators, Screen Doors, and Lawn Mowers, is complete, at lowest prices. We offer bargains in Furniture the balance of this month. Woven wire fence to close.

W. J. KNAPP.

HARNESS.

We are now in a position at the Steinbach Store on Middle street, west to offer exceptional bargains in

Heavy Team, Light Double and Single Harnesses.

Also special attention will be given to REPAIR WORK of all kinds.

Bring in your repair jobs. We are prepared to do it promptly and all prices the lowest.

W. J. KNAPP.

JEWELRY.

Watches. Clock. Rings.

Chains. Brooches. Pins.

Society Emblems. Novelties.

A. E. WINANS.

Sheet music and periodicals of all kinds carried in stock.

CENTRAL MARKET.

Meat Has Not Advance in Prices

at Eppler's, where you can

GET THE VERY BEST CUTS

of Beef, Veal, Pork, Mutton, Smoked Ham, Shoulder, Bacon, Salt Pork, etc. Home Kettle-Rendered Lard.

ADAM EPPLER.

Phone 41. Free delivery.

Take The Chelsea Standard

and you can get all the local news.

LOCAL EVENTS

OF THE PAST WEEK FOR THE STANDARD'S READERS.

The residence of G. J. Crowell on Congdon street is being repainted.

Robert VanHusen is making arrangements to erect a residence on Hayes street.

The managers of the Lyndon Cheese Factory has started up the plant for the season's run.

C. E. Whitaker has purchased an automobile. He expects to receive the machine on Saturday of this week.

Another one of the "dear dozen" is about to take unto herself an husband, so rumor says. It pays to advertise girls.

Mrs. Mary E. Snow is reported as being very ill at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. Monroe, on Summit street, west.

The supper given at the town hall, Saturday evening, by the Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's church netted them about \$35.

Mrs. George Mast of this place is at the university hospital in Ann Arbor, where she had an operation the first of the week.

The Standard is in receipt of an invitation to attend the first home coming celebration to be held in Ypsilanti June 21, 22 and 23.

L. L. Gorton, has purchased the stock of groceries of Archie Clark of this village. He will move the good to his Waterloo store.

H. D. Witherell will deliver an address at the M. E. church next Sunday evening at the usual hour. Subject "The Law and Testimony."

Sheriff Newton of Ann Arbor spent several days of the past week at Cavanaugh Lake settling his summer home at that resort, which he recently purchased.

The N. P. L. No. 312, will hold their regular meeting Tuesday, May 16. Word has been received that President E. E. Rogers of Waverly, N. Y. died April 20.

A rural carrier examination is called to meet in Ann Arbor on Saturday, May 13, at 9:30 a. m., for appointment to the position of rural carrier in Washtenaw county.

Rev. Fr. Considine during the past week has had a fine row of shade trees set on the south side of the lots of the rectory of the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart.

L. Tichenor, the well known designer and builder of pleasure row boats has just completed nine fine boats, and they are on exhibition at his shop on Congdon street this village.

The postoffice department at Washington, Saturday appointed Schuyler P. Foster as carrier, and Bert W. Warner, substitute, for rural route number five from the Chelsea postoffice.

Chelsea Tent, No. 281, K. O. T. M. M. held a special review Monday night, and used the new ritualistic work for the first time. Three new members were added to the list of membership.

The Standard is in receipt of the new morning paper, The Jackson Daily News. The paper is a progressive up-to-date newsy one and deserves the liberal advertising patronage it starts out with.

Owing to the rain of last Saturday the opening ball game was called off and the game between the Clinton team and the Cardinals of this place will be played at the McLaren-BéGole park on Saturday, May 20.

At a meeting of the German Workingmen's Society, held last Monday evening, Israel Vogel and Micheal Staffan were elected delegates to attend the annual meeting of the state bund, which will be held in Ypsilanti next month.

The opening base ball game will occur on Wednesday, May 17. The Chelsea Cardinals, successors to Chelsea's pride, "The Junior Stars" will line up against the Jackson high school team, who in 1903 defeated the Stars 7 to 6.

The damage suit brought by Eugene Helber of Ann Arbor, editor of the Washtenaw Post, against Prof. E. A. Lyman, of the Normal college at Ypsilanti, was settled Tuesday by the defendant paying to the editor \$200.

The last regular meeting of St. Mary's Literary club will be held at the home of Miss Katherine Gorman on Tuesday, May 16. It is a very important meeting and every member is requested to be present. Election of officers will take place at this meeting.

At the last meeting of the school board the following members of the present corps of teachers was invited to remain for the ensuing year: Misses Edith E. Shaw, Venoria Beal, Lou Wilson, Anna Kane, Elizabeth Depew, Mrs. Florence Howlett, Misses Florence Caster, Myrtle Shaw and Louise Nims.

President Roosevelt was the honored guest of the citizens of Chicago Wednesday afternoon and evening.

Gov. Warner won a victory in the senate yesterday. The primary reform bill providing for the direct vote on heads of tickets was passed.

The Ladies' Research Club entertained their husbands and friends at the home of Dr. and Mrs. A. McColgan on Monday evening of this week.

A pure play, teaching healthful lessons, sincere in motive, and clean in language, such a one is "Old Farmer Hopkins." One night only, Friday, May 19.

Earl Schumacher gave a party to celebrate his 9th birthday anniversary, at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Schumacher, of this place, on Wednesday afternoon. There were about 25 of his little friends present.

The Christian Science society of Chelsea held their opening service at the G. A. R. hall Sunday, May 7. There was a large attendance. Mrs. Moore of Jackson, Mr. Fisher of Detroit and several from Ann Arbor were present. Miss Maud Miller Bissell of Ann Arbor sang two solos in a very pleasing manner. Subject of the sermon "Mortals and Immortals" was well harkened to.

A. Claude Guerin, who has acted as bookkeeper for the White Portland Cement Co., at Four Mile Lake, for the past year and a half resigned his position with the Company last Saturday. During their residence here Mr. and Mrs. Guerin have made many friends, who will learn with regret, of their removal from this community and they will carry with them the best wishes of their many friends for their future success.

Pomona Grange met with Eureka Grange, of Lyndon, on Tuesday of this week. Papers were read by O. J. Bemiss, of Stony Creek; Hon. J. K. Campbell, Augusta; C. D. Johnson, Dexter township; Mrs. T. Fletcher, Chelsea; George P. Wing, Mrs. Cone Sperry, and Wm. Kelley, and a recitation by A. A. Graves. The visiting members of the order were met at this place by members of Eureka Grange and taken to the meeting place in carriage.

The Young People's Societies of the Evangelical churches of Washtenaw county and those of Jackson, Grand Rapids, Albion, Battle Creek, Lansing and Owosso will hold a two days convention and inspiration meeting in St. Paul's church of this village on Saturday and Sunday, May 20 and 21. The members of the society here have appointed several committees, who have charge of arrangements and aim to make this the most enthusiastic meeting the societies have ever held.

The members of St. John Berchman's Sanctuary Society of the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart will appear next Sunday at high mass in their beautiful new cassocks and surplices. There are twelve members in this society, who add dignity and grace to the sacred ceremony. The sacred robes are furnished partly by the altar society of the church, and by the offerings of the members of the congregation next Sunday. Special music will be sung next Sunday, and the Acolytes will serve also at vespers at 7:30 p. m.

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Paul's church held their annual meeting in the church last Friday afternoon and elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. O. L. Hoffman; vice president, Mrs. Conrad Lehman; secretary, Mrs. Theodore Wedemeyer; treasurer, Mrs. Emanuel J. Feldkamp. The treasurer's report showed cash on hand May 1904, \$601.68; received during the year \$169.23, making a total of \$770.91; expenditures \$699.29 leaving a balance on hand of \$71.62. When the society was organized 18 years ago there were only six members on the roll, now there are 62 active members.

Tuesday morning Deputy Sheriff Frank Leach drove to the farm of Thomas Dolan in Dexter township and placed him under arrest for disorderly conduct on the streets here last Saturday night. When the officer arrived at the Dolan residence he found another officer from Dexter village present, who had just arrested the man for a like offense--in Dexter. He was taken to that village and paid a fine of \$31.50. He was then brought here by Mr. Leach and taken before Justice Wood, who imposed a fine of \$9.75. If Mr. Dolan had remained at home on his farm he would today be \$41.25 better off in the coin of the realm.

Last Sunday the children and grandchildren of Sidney Collins of Lyndon gave him a surprise it being his seventy seventh birthday. The six married daughters of Mr. and Mrs. Collins all live within a radius of twelve miles. The old home is like the hub of a wheel with the six homes of the children, as its spokes running out at all points of the compass. Quite a remarkable circumstance for all six girls to be settled so near the old home. Mr. Collins is hale and hearty and conducts the affairs of his farm as well as any man of fifty. After enjoying a sumptuous dinner a pleasant hour was spent in program all present taking part.

Queen Quality

COMFORT AND STYLE

When you try on a pair of shoes, look for two things--
 comfort and style.




You must have them both! Either one by itself is not enough. It is easy to make a stylish shoe, but it is very difficult to combine the two. To make a stylish shoe that is comfortable is the highest art.

A shoe may feel comfortable yet not fit properly.

Now it must fit or you are sure to have trouble. And the better it fits, the better it will wear.

The shoe that "fits where all others fail" is "Queen Quality." It fits because it is made in an infinite variety of sizes and styles to suit all shapes of feet and all occasions. If you want twice as many chances in selection, try Queen Quality.

BOOTS \$3.00 THE PAIR.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

THE CREAMERY.

Mr. Towar of the Chelsea creamery was a caller Wednesday morning. He said the creamery paid 29 cents per pound for butter fat for April. We suggested that 29 cents was pretty steep and didn't think our better half was guilty of squandering that price on butter we are accustomed to spread our bread with.

Mr. Towar however said the Elgin price warranted the payment of that amount during April, of course no one can predict what the May market might be, although many prophecy a year of high prices for both butter and cheese.

An old farmer at our elbow says "you can't afford to feed calves on milk which contains 29 cents butter." We will have to send it all to the creamery and the calves will have to get along on skim milk.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured.

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the eustachian tube. When the tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

There are two kinds of laxative medicines--Celery King and the other kind. Celery King is a tonic laxative and a medicine that never does anything but good. It makes good health and good looks. 25 cents at druggists.

CAL-CURA WILL CURE SOLD ON GUARANTEE

So positive are we that Cal-Cura Solvent, Dr. David Kennedy's latest medicine, will cure the worst case of kidney and bladder troubles that we have instructed all dealers to sell it under our guarantee that it will cure these dangerous troubles or the money will be refunded. Cal-Cura Solvent's wonderful power to cure diseases of the kidney and bladder is the happy result of the efforts of that skilled physician and surgeon, Dr. David Kennedy, to make a medicine that would dissolve and expel from the system stone, gravel and uric acid. In this way Cal-Cura Solvent not only cures the disease but also removes all irritating causes. It is not a patent medicine, but a prescription used by Dr. Kennedy in his large private practice with unflinching success. It acts upon a newly discovered principle, and cannot fail, so we are able to make a guarantee of this nature. Begin its use today and get well. It is the only guaranteed kidney remedy. All druggists, \$1.00.

The Cal-Cura Co., Kingston, N. Y.

THE MARKETS.

Chelsea buyers offer today, the following prices:

Wheat, red or white.....	85 90
Oats.....	30 32
Rye.....	70 to 75
Beans.....	1 30
Clover seed.....	9 00
Wool.....	25 to 28
Live Beef Cattle.....	2 1/2 to 65
Veal Calves.....	3 to 05
Live Hogs.....	4 65
Lamb.....	3 to 05
Chickens, spring.....	09
Fowls.....	09
Potatoes.....	12 to 20
Onions.....	60
Butter.....	18 to 20
Eggs.....	15

M. C. Excursions.

The M. C. will sell special round trip Sunday tickets until otherwise advised at one regular first class limited fare for the round trip to all points between Detroit and New Buffalo, to all points to which the journey in both directions can be made on the Sunday of sale of tickets, and by regular trains that are scheduled to reach the selling point on return trip, at or before midnight of date stamped on back of ticket. For further particulars inquire of local agent.

Sunday, May 14 the M. C. will run an excursion to Jackson, Battle Creek and Kalamazoo. The train leaves here at 8:40 a. m. Fare for round trip to Jackson 35 cents, Battle Creek \$1.05 and to Kalamazoo \$1.35. Children under 12 years of age one-half fare.

Chelsea Green House.

Remember you can get the best of all kinds of

Budding Plants,

Cut Flowers, etc., of

ELVIRA CLARK,

Either at the Greenhouse, or H. L. Wood's store.

Phone 103-Q Chelsea, Mich.

Spring is Coming

and with it that disagreeable job of Laundering your LACE CURTAINS. Send them to the

Chelsea Steam Laundry

and we will make them look like new. Satisfaction guaranteed.

W. E. Snyder, Prop.

ECZEMA

Skin diseases, Old Sores cured with "Hermit" Salve. Results talk. 25 and 50c. All druggists. Proof free. Hermit Remedy Co., Chicago.

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND, LOST, WANTED, ETC.

WANTED Nursing. Inquire of Mrs. J. A. Greening, Grant street. Can give references.

FOR SALE--At a sacrifice, if taken within 30 days, account of owner leaving state, 85 acre farm one mile from Williamston, Mich., 20 acres perfectly drained muck land, 10 acres seeded to onions; new barn, frost proof storage 30x90 feet, with nine feet stone basement. Only onion farm in this section. Address F. & E. Greenway, Williamston, Mich. 14

FOR SALE--Forty acre farm in Sharon. Good house and barns. Inquire of Turnbull & Witherell for full particulars.

FOR SALE--House and lot south Main street and more land if desired. Easy terms. Inquire of Fred Richards.

WANTED--Painting, paper hanging and interior finishing. Leave order at the grocery store of John Farrell. James A. Leach.

FOR SALE--Tamarack wood. Suitable for summer use. Price \$1.75 per cord. Frank Leach, telephone 92c.

Clearing Sale.

Having rented part of my store I must have the room. One

Hamilton Piano

just received. One new

LAKESIDE ORGAN

one second-hand Smith American Organ. Violins, mandolins and other small musical goods. All will be sold at a bargain.

CHAS. STEINBACH.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS & C. Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. HAMBURG PATENT AGENCY, oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the Scientific American. A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, \$3 a year; four months, \$1. Sold by all newsdealers. MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York Branch Office, 65 P St., Washington, D. C.